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VOL. XIII NO. 140— BOMBAY FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1930. PRICE ONE ANNA

CONGRESSMEN DEFY MAGISTRATE'S ORDER.

Ban On National Slogans Ignored In Sukkur.

3 VOLUNTEERS JAILED.

HYDERABAD (Sind), June 25.

The following order prohibiting National cries has been passed by the District Magistrate of Sukkur:

Order under Section 42 of the Bombay District Police Act, 4, 1930.

Whereas it has been made to appear to the District Magistrate, Sukkur, that in the towns of Sukkur, Shikarpur and Rohri Municipal area, it is expedient to preserve public peace, law and lawful authority, the following order is hereby made which shall remain in force for a period of six months.

"That no member of the public should give vent to public utterance of cries, sing songs, play music deliver harangues, use gesture or mimetic representation, or prepare exhibit or disseminate picture symbols, placards, or any other object or thing which may incite any person to the commission of an offence, to a disturbance of the public peace or resistance to or contempt of the law and lawful authority."

Any person acting contrary to the provisions of the above order, and required by a Magistrate or a police officer to desist or abstain from so doing shall be liable to be arrested under Section 54 of the Bombay District Police Act and prosecuted under Section 68 of the said Act which makes provision for a fine which may extend to Rs. 200. Any person opposing or failing to comply with the reasonable direction of such a magistrate or a police officer will be prosecuted under Section 71 of the said Act which makes a provision for a sentence of 3 months' imprisonment, or fine which may extnd to Rs. 500 or both."—Free Press.

Picketing Banned In Sukkur.

—:o:—

HYDERABAD (SIND), June 25.

In order to prevent picketing of liquor shops the District Magistrate, Sukkur, has issued an order to remain in force for 6 months, stating that (1) all foreign and country liquor shops shall remain open between 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.; (2) that during the intervals nobody except the customer or anybody having bona-fide business with the licensee, shall loiter about within a distance of 100 yards for intimidating and wrongfully restraining the sale of the articles; (3) and that any such person not complying with the above order shall be removed by any police officer under section 63 of Bombay District Police Act and will be prosecuted under section 65 of the said Act.—Free Press.

CONGRESSMEN DEFY MAGISTRATE'S ORDER.

—:o:—

Three Satyagrahis Sentenced.

(From A Correspondent.)

SHIKARPUR, June 26.

In defiance of the Picketing Ordinance and the orders of the District Magistrate prohibiting national cries and procession, a procession with national slogans was organised by Shikarpur Congress Workers. Three Satgrahis were incarcerated under sections 71 and 88 being sentenced to 2 months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 75 or in default two weeks more. A big procession was organised and a public meeting was held to congratulate the three patriots. Seth Gobindsingh Lalsingh, Lullabhai Topanmal, Chachomal Shahdadpurt, Tharumal Valumal of Ghotki spoke on the occasion. Resolutions were passed congrazulating Messrs. Parassram Tahilramani and Larkana volunteers.

Congress Backsliders Beware.

—:o:—

ANDHRA SECRETARY ARRESTED INSPITE OF RESIGNATION.

MASULIPATAM, June 23.

Mr. Shivaramakrishnayya, Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, who tendered his resignation of the secretaryship since the Committee was declared unlawful, was arrested yesterday noon under the Criminal Law Amendment Act.

Wren he was produced before the Court, Mr. Shivaramakrisenayya said he would defend himself against the charges made by the Police.

The case is posted to the 4th July.—Free Press.

Arrested For Wearing Gandhi Caps.

—:o:—

GUNTUR, June 26.

Four volunteers were arrested at Guntur for defying order under Section 144, prohibiting of the wearing of Gandhi caps.

Several house searches were also made including Dr. Chelapathyrow who was arrested under the Criminal Law Amendment Act.—Free Press.

RAE BARELI LEADER JAILED.

RAE BARELI, June 26.

Sjt. Ganeshlalji Dashora, President of the Satyagraha Committee, Rae Bareli City was arrested on the 24th June, under Section 108. He was tried in jail and was sentenced to six months' imprisonment. He did not take part in the proceedings, and was in a very humorous mood. Sjt. Chandramaul Sharma, another worker of Unchahar was arrested yesterday and he will be tried to-morrow.—Free Press.

Jail For Cutting Toddy Trees.

—:o:—

BELGAUM, June 26.

The Shahpur volunteers, Messrs. Narayan Joshi, Narhar Kudale Govind and Shivaram Murkumbi were convicted and sentenced to six months' R. I. for cutting Government toddy trees near Belgaum Fort.

The Nehargi volunteers, Messrs Anant Neralekar, Shripad Joshi Ramchandra Kulkarni and Chandrapana Saltigeri were sentenced to six months' R. I. for cutting toddy trees by the Ballhongal Magis-

EDITOR JAILED.

Mr. Hanumantha Rao, the editor of the "Congress", was prosecuted for bringing out his weekly without making declaration under the Press Regulation and Books Act and the Ordinance. The accused did not take part in the Court proceedings. He was awarded two years' R. I.

The Thasildar of Rajahmundry has warned all press-owners in the city not to print Congress bulletins, papers and notices connected with civil disobedience movement.—Free Press.

SOUTHERN CROSS FOR NEW YORK!

—:o:—

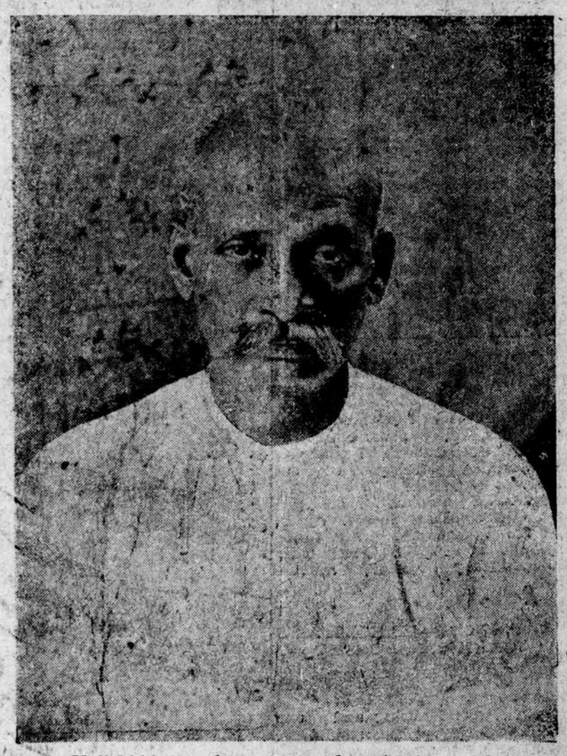
LONDON, June 26.

Harbour Grace (New Foundland).—"Southern Cross" has left for New York.—Reuter.

BEZWADA, June 26

More than a dozen house searches were carried out in Bezwada for seditious literature.—Free Press.

SARDAR VALLABHAI RELEASED.



Sardar Vallabhbhai who was released from Sabarmati jail on Thursday after undergoing nearly Four months' incerceration.

Loses 15 Pounds In Jail In 3 Months.

STREAM OF VISITORS TO SEE VALLABHBHAI.

AN INVITATION FROM BOMBAY.

Ahmedabad, June 26.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel was released this noon from Saharmati Jail. He has gone to the Satyagraha Ashram Nobody was present at the Jail except Mr. S. V. Mavalanker, Congress worker, when Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel was released.—Free Press.

BARDOLI SARDAR LOSES WEIGHT.

—:o:—

AHMEDABAD, June 23.

A continuous stream of visitors came to see Sjt. Vallabhbhai Patel this afternoon at Dr. Kanuga's bungalow where he is staying. Mr. Patel was looking rather emaciated, when a representative of the Associated Press sought an interview with him, but in reply to queries regarding his health Mr. Patel cheerfully said that he was feeling better than before

LOSES 15LBS.

He had lost fifteen lbs he added. He declined to express any opinion on the situation as, having been the first to be arrested and imprisoned, he was unable to follow the trend of events.

PRISONER'S PAPER.

He got no newspapers for the first one month but subsequently he was receiving the "Times."

It is understood that Mr. Vallabhbhai Patel intends shortly to proceed to Bombay.

Mr. Patel was due to be released tomorrow but at noon to-day the jailer took him in a car and dropped him at Mr. Patel's request, at Satyagrah Ashram.

BOMBAY INVITATION.

It is understood that Sirdar Vallabhbhai Patel will be invited to participate in the "Boycott Week" demonstrations to be held in Bombay shortly.

RETURN OF THE LION OF GUJERAT.

The news of his release spread like lightning in the city and a regular stream of visitors is pouring in to see him. The compound of Dr. Kanuga's bungalow is filled with an eager crowd anxious to catch a glimpse of the jail-returned leader.

Sjt. Vallabhbhai Patel looks cheerful, though he is a little pulled down. A procession is being arranged in his honodur to start from Manilal Mansion. It will terminate on the Sabarmati sands, where a meeting will be held this evening to congratulate Mr. Swaminarayan on his arrest.—Free Press.

—:o:—

HE WOULD PREFER JAIL.

—:o:—

Sardar Vallabhbhai's Desire.

—:o:—

AHMEDABAD, June 26.

A public reception was accorded to the Sardar. A mammoth procession with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel in a carriage and four paraded the city and ended on the river bank, where a huge meeting of about a lakh of people was held.

GOVT. ANGRY.

Addresing the gathering he said that he was not in a position to advise them. From what he had heard, about Gujarat, he congratulated her on her enthusiasm, courage and sacrifice and non-violence. He said that the Government was at present angry. He had never expected breaking of heads. He admired the people of Gujarat who had observed true non-violence and asked them to cast aside all fear of jail.

WOULD PREFER JAIL.

Continuing Sardar Vallabhbhai said that he would either prefer to remain in jail or get those who are in it now released. If they worked in right earnest, they would get Gandhiji released, and thus retrieve their lost honour. If they did their duty by the country, if they had faith in the cause, if their determination was true, no Government could keep 300 million people in subjection against their will.

He had nothing to suggest or advise. Their way was clearly shown by Mahatmaji to be the way of truth and non-violence. If they missed the present opportunity, if they shirked their duty, history would write their names in black letters.—Free Press.

DELHI—NOT LONDON.

—:o:—

Venue Of R. T. C.

PANDIT MALAVIYA WANTS FRESH DECLARATION

DELHI, June 25.

Pundit Malavia, addressing a crowded meeting said that the Simon Report showed that British realised that the Montford Reforms were a mistake, and urged country to intensify the boycott of foreign goods. He advocated the boycott of the Round Table Conference till Britain assured them that the Conference would discuss the details of Full Dominion Status, which should be forthwith granted to India.

Pandit Malaviya opined that the venue of the Conference should be Delhi and not London. He urged the country to intensify the boycott of foreign goods.—A. P.

SASTRI LEFT AGHAST.

—:o:—

At Simon Recommendations.

—:o:—

LONDON, June 26.

Mr. Srinivas Sastri in an article in the "Manchester Guardian" on Simon Report draws attention to the absence therein of any reference to "Dominion Status". He points out that the "principle" is enunciated that goal of British policy is all Indians taking her place among constituent States of Empire and asks, "Is the principle of any practical value which awaits consent of six hundred separate entities (Indian States), which agree only in their romantic, though pathetic, attachment to their "izzat" and in their subservience to the will of their (British) political officers?".

Mr. Sastri says that the improbability is aggravated by the recommendation that in place o the Government of India or Governor-General-in-Council, Viceroy shall act solely as the representative of Crown in relation to Indian States.

"As if this is not enough to strangle free India in its very birth an ingenious solution is put forward as regards defence, which will erect an insuperable obstacle in way of the country's attaining Dominion Status".

Mr. Sastri expresses the opinion that the Commissioners pay merely "lip homage" to the goal of Britain's Indian policy and says the "reasoning of the report leaves one aghast."—Reuter.

BRITISH SENSE OF SUPERIORITY.

—:o:—

What Simon Report Reflects.

LONDON, June 25.

In an interview to the Free Press Major Graham Pole said:—

It seems that Englishmen find it difficult to forget their sense of superiority. Nevertheless, the recommendations are overshadowed by the knowledge that the Conference is to come and any proposals are open to modification.

Indeed, if representative Indians only come and agree on any plan of selfgovernment, the Government confidently believes that Parliament will put it through. He feels certain that Government would heartily welcome Gandhiji's presence and hopes that it may be possible.—Free Press Beam Service.

GHATE SUMMONED BY BOMBAY MAGISTRATE.

—:o:—

Mr. S. V. Ghate, late Secretary of the Girni Kamgar Union of Bombay who was arrested, with several others in connection with the Meerut Conspiracy Case, and recently bailed out by the Session Judge of Meerut, was served with a summons by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay, on Wednesday evening calling upon him to appear in his court on Thursday morning. When Mr. Ghate appeared on Thursday he was told by the Chief Presidency Magistrate that he was wanted in the Meerut Court by the Session Judge in connection with his trial. Mr. Ghate said he was still ill and was suffering from heart disease and was under the treatment of Dr. Gilder. The Magistrate ordered Mr. Ghate's medical examination by Dr. W. Nunan, the Police Surgeon, and reserved orders pending report from the Police Surgeon.

WAR ON CONGRESS IN PUNJAB.

Wholesale Arrests & Raids.

—:o:—

AMRITSAR, June 25.

The Congress War Council and the Naujawan Bharat Sabha, having been declared unlawful assemblies, under the Criminal Law Amendment Act, the local Police arrested, early this morning, at about 3 a.m., Lala Ruplal Puri, the General Secretary of the War Council, Mr. Amirchand Gupta; G.O.C., Congress Volunteers, Mr. Ferozdin Mansur, a Member of the Working Committee of the All-India Naujlwan Bharat Sabha and Mr. Bashir Ahmed Razwani, Member of the Local War Council, under Section 17 (1) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act. Lala Ruplal Puri and Mr. Amirchand Gupta were arrested at Jallianwala Bagh and the other two at their homes.—A. P.

Punjab War Council Secretary Arrested.

—:o:—

LAHORE, June 23.

Malik Jiwanlal Kapur, General Secretary of the Punjab War Council, was arrested last night under Section 17 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act.

Mr. Ramachandra, Vice President of the Naujivan Sabha, was arrested early this morning under a bailable warrant with Rs. 10,000 as security under Section 17-A of the Criminal Law Amendment Act.—Free Press.

HANSARAJS HOUSE RAIDED

—:o:—

JULLUNDER, June 26.

The Police raided 16 places including the houses of Raizada Hansraj, now in jail, and of Mr. Devindra Sondhi, and the offices of the Students' Union and Naujiwan Bharat Volunteer Corps.

Nothing objectionable was seized.—Free Press.

Hunger-Strike In Jullunder Jail.

—:o:—

JULLUNDER, June 23.

It is understood that 89 political prisoners in Jullunder Jail are on hunger strike as a protest against ill-treatment.—Free Press.

POLITICAL ACTIVITIES BANNED IN KASHMIR.

—:o:—

Maharajah's Threat.

—:o:—

LAHORE, June 26.

By a proclamation of the Maharajah of Kashmir and Jummu States have prohibited on pain of severe punishment all sorts of political demonstrations, meetings, processions, picketing, display of national flags, and revolutionary cries. All students, their guardians and State employees are strictly warned.—Free Press.

PESHAWAR SITUATION.

—:o:—

Congress Leaders' Trial.

—:o:—

PESHAWAR, June 26.

The report is confirmed that Haji's lashkar withdrew from the positions hitherto occupied by them and have gone back to their homes. A military column today surrounded Dargai village and effected the arrest of fifteen "agitators" without meeting with any resistence.

Of the Peshawar Congress leaders who were arrested on May 5 and detained in the Fort following the declaration of the Congress and the Bharat Sabha as unlawful associations, the following have decided to offer defence and are represented by Mr. P. C. Kapur, Barrister, Dr. Ghosh, President, Provincial Congress Committee, Mr. Ganpatrai, Secretary, Provincial Congress Committee; Mr. Radhakishan Vakil, Secretary, City Congress Committee, Master Amirchand and Mr. Gokalchand, Members. Mr. Milapsing will be defended by S. Rajasingh while Mr. Dhall, Barrister, will defend Doctor Jawaharsingh. Their case comes up for hearing on June 3.

FOR PLACING WREATHS.

The case against Utamchand, Member, Congress Committee, who was arrested on May 7, while trying to open a new office of the Congress Committee at Mohalla Guni, Peshawar City, on a charge of intimidating people in Charsadda and Tangi to join the Congress, has been adjourned to July 1. Three prosecution witnesses have so far been examined. Kartarsingh, Sub-Inspector, C. I. D. deposed that a meeting was held in the city under the auspices of the Naujwan Bharat Sabha at which inter-alia it was resolved to place wreaths on "martyrs' memorial" in Kissakhani Bazar at the request of Bhagatsingh and Dutt.

Accused in his statement pleaded not guilty but admitted he was present at the meeting of Bharatsabha at Hastings Memorial.

The case was adjourned to July 1 to enable defence counsel. Mr. Kapur to go through these documents to cross-examine prosecution witnesses.—A. P.

DESHABANDHU'S SISTER JAILED.

—:o:—

Also Other Women.

—:o:—

GIVEN SIX MONTHS EACH.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, June 26.

Srimati Urmiladevi, President, Bimalprativadevi, Secretary, and Joytirmoyee Ganguly and Mohinidevi, prominent members, of the Nari Satyagraha Committee, and also Messrs. Padmaraj Jain, Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha and Mandanlal Misra, Secretary of the Burrabazar Congress Committee,—all were sentenced to-day to six months' imprisonment. The male accused were given rigorous and the lady accused simple imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

The charge against them was that they led a procession on Sunday afternoon to celebrate the anniversary of Deshbandhu Das in defiance of prohibitory notification.

Elaborate Police arrangements were made. Armed Gurkhas and Mounted Sowars were guarding the approaches to the court.

As the crowd demonstrated the Mounted Police charged and dispersed it.

The prisoners were taken to Alipore Jail in prison vans.—Free Press.

PROF SWAMINARAYAN ARRESTED.

—:o:—

AHMEDABAD, June 26.

The Gujarat Provincial Congress Committee has called a hartal and a public meeting as a mark of protest against the arrest of Prof. J. C. Swaminarayan who will be taken to-day to Dholka and tried there for inciting people not to pay land revenue.—A. P.

AHMEDABAD STUDENTS ON HARTAL.

—:o:—

Sequel To Swaminarayan's Arrest.

—:o:—

AHMEDABAD, June 26.

All local schools were closed today in sympathy with Prof. J. C. Swaminarayan, who was arrested last night. The Proprietary High School, a private secondary school owned by Mr. Jiwanlal Diwan, Secretary, Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee, was not closed. Thereupon the students of other schools assembled in front of the Proprietary School and demanded that it should be closed. One of the teachers, it is alleged, slapped a student and the whole crowd of students then took up a threatening attitude. Police arrived on the scene and eventually the school was closed.—A. P.

BEHAR MUSLIMS FOR CONGRESS.

—:o:—

Moulana Bukhari's Efforts.

—:o:—

PATNA, June 26.

The Secretary, Jamiat-ul-Ulema Behar and Orissa, wires:—

Three meetings were addressed by Moulana Ataullah Shah Bukhari and resolutions supporting Congress programme were passed. The Moulana's appeal had a tremendous effect. Jamiat-ul-Ulema's deputation is now touring in the Province.

All opposition has been entirely smashed. Muslim volunteers are joining in every Centre.

NON VIOLENCE IS OUR SHEET ANCHOR

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MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. & O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH and LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES (CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK).

Date	Steamers.	Tons.
June		
28th	Razmak	10,857
July		
5th	Ranpura*	16,601
12th	Malwa	11,000
19th	Naldera	16,088
26th	Rawalpindi	16,619
Aug.		
2nd	Morea*	10,946
9th	Kaisar-i-Hind	11,518
16th	Narkunda x	16,572
23rd	Macedonia	11,120
30th	Rajputana*	16,568
Sept.		
6th	Ranpura	16,601
13th	Mooltan x	20,847
20th	Ranchi	16,650
27th	Mantua*	10,946
Oct.		
4th	Viceroy of India	19,648
11th	Comorin x	16,132
18th	Kaisar-i-Hind	11,518
25th	Razmak@	10,857
Nov.		
1st	Rajputana	16,568
8th	Naldera x	16,888
15th	Rappura	16,601
22nd	Macedonia*	11,120
29th	Razmak	10,857
Dec.		
6th	Narkunda*	16,572
13th	Viceroy of India	19,648
20th	Rawalpindi	16,619
27th	Kaisar-i-Hind	11,518
1931.		
Jany.		
3rd	Mooltan x	20,952
10th	Rajputana	16,568
17th	Ranchi*	16,650
24th	Ranpura	16,601
31st	Maloja x	20,837
Feb.		
7th	Mantua	10,946
14th	Comorin*	15,132
21st	Viceroy of India	19,648
28th	Naldera x	16,088
Mar.		
7th	Kaisar-i-Hind	11,518
14th	Razmak x x	10,857
21st	Ranchi	16,650
28th	Narkunda x	16,572
Apr.		
4th	Ranpura	16,601
9th	Moldavia	16,543
11th	Razmak	10,857
18th	Viceroy of India	19,648
25th	Mooltan x	20,952
May		
2nd	Kaisar-i-Hind	11,518

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.
x Through from Australia.
* Through from China.
with limited accommodation for passengers from India.
§§Extra steamer carrying 1st Saloon and 3rd cabin passengers. To Marseilles only.

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TO LONDON.

	1st Saloon. A	B	C	D
Single	£92	£82	£72	£62
Return	161	144	126	106
	2nd Saloon. A			B
Single	£56			£50
Return	98			88

TO MARSEILLES.

	1st Saloon. A	B	C	D
Single	£84	£74	£66	£58
Return	147	130	116	102
	2nd Saloon. A			B
Single	£52			£46
Return	91			81

SPECIAL SHORT SEASON RETURN TICKETS 1930.

1st and 2nd Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued available for return to Bombay by "VICEROY OF INDIA" due 19th September 1930. The fares will be as follows:—

	1st Saloon.	2nd Saloon.
To London and back by Sea	£105	£75
To London and back with special train both ways	£120	£90
To Marseilles and back	£100	£72

NEW THIRD CLASS CABIN. FARES TO EUROPE.

	Single	Return
London	£30	£52
Marseilles	28	49

Return tickets home 3rd Cabin and out 1st or 2nd Saloon can be arranged.

OUTWARDS—OCTOBER 1931.

The "Strathnavar" a new steamer of 21,000 tons will call at Bombay on her Outward voyage in October next year carrying First Saloon and Third Cabin passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

BOMBAY TO PORT SAID AND PLYMOUTH WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT PORT SOUDAN, MALTA and/or TANGIER.

SHIPPING

Date about	Steamers.	Tons.
20th Nov.	DUMANA	8,427
11th Dec.	DOMALA	8,422

These two vessels are one class ships. Fares as follows:—

	Single	Return
Bombay to Plymouth A.	£64	£112
B	£60	£105
C	£56	£ 98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date about		
June		
27	Kidderpore*	Straits, China & Japan
July 4	Rajputana	Colombo, China & Japan.
18	Mooltan	Colombo & Australia.
Aug. 1	Mantua	Colombo, China & Japan.
15	Comorin	Colombo & Australia.
29	Malwa	Colombo, China & Japan.
Sept. 12	Naldera	Colombo & Australia.
26	Morea	Colombo, China & Japan.
Oct. 10	Narkunda	Colombo & Australia.
24	Rawalpindi	Colombo, China & Japan.
Nov. 7	Mooltan	Colombo & Australia.
21	Ranchi	Colombo, China & Japan.
Dec. 5	Maloja	Colombo & Australia.
19	Malwa	Colombo, China & Japan.

*Cargo only.

HOLIDAY EXCURSION TICKETS TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

Holiday Excursion Return Tickets can be issued in the First Saloon only. Period of availability 16 weeks, sailings approximately every months. Fares £74 to £100.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS. TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1930		
June.		
27th	Varela	Karachi, Bushire. Mohammerah & Basrah.
July		
2nd	Khandalla	East and South Africa.
2nd	Bankura	Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports.

Special 1st Saloon cheap Excursion return tickets to Mombasa for Rs. 500 May to September 1930.

There will be sailings to Karachi on Wednesdays, Thurs. Friday every week. The departure of the Karachi Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs. Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamers or through passengers to Basrah.

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FOR SINGAPORE, CHINA AND JAPAN.

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leave.
*Calcutta Maru	5339	15 June	29 June
Katori Maru	10000	...	@9 July
Sado Maru.	5898	29 June	13 July
Atsuta Maru	8000	...	@16 July
Kashima Maru	10000	...	@30 July
*Tottori Maru	5973	16 July	30 July
Shidzuoka Maru	6270	29 July	13 Aug
Hakone Maru	10500	...	@13 Aug
Suwa Maru	11000	...	@26 Aug
*Rangoon Maru	5059	17 Aug.	29 Aug
Fushimi Maru	11000	...	at 15 Sept.

*Do not carry passengers.
(§) From Colombo.

FOR MARSEILLES AND LONDON.

Steamers	Tons	Leave Colombo	Arrive Marseilles
Hakozaki Maru	10500	9 July	21 July
Terukuni Maru	12000	23 July	8 Aug.
Hakusan Maru	10500	6 Aug.	24 Aug.

FROM ORIENT TO SAN-FRANCISCO.

Steamers	Tons	From Hongkong	From Kobe
Taiyo Maru	22000	20 July	27 July
Chichibu Maru	22000	31 July	6 Aug.
Shinyo Maru	22000	13 Aug.	20 Aug.

Others are Orient-Seattle South-American (East and West Coast) and Japan, Australia Services.
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'Phone No. 28279, 28739
Telegrams:—"YUSEN."

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Steamer.	Arrival.	Departure.
Celebes Maru	26th June	5th July
Sumatra Maru	9th July	23rd July
Burma Maru	25th July	8th Aug.
Borneo Maru	8th Aug.	22nd Aug.

For particulars apply to:—
OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Japan).
Phone Nos. 22150 and 25473.
Telegrams:—"SHOSEN."
Box No. 855.

Western India
LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Satara City.

PRE-EMINENT among INDIAN COMPANIES at the age of 13.
Fourth Valuation at the end of 1926,

UNSURPASSED BONUS

Bonus per W. Life	1000 p. a. End
Rs. 22-1/2	Rs. 18

Strongest Reserves ! !
(1) Life Assurance Fund, Rs. 10,64,993.
(2) Total undivided Reserve Rs. 3,42,170.
RATIO of (2) to (1) 32 per cent.

NO OTHER COMPANY in INDIA can show EQUAL RESULTS.
For Agency and other particulars please apply.

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

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For each Additional Word.
Terms:—CASH with Order.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.
Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No. ....., Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle", to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows: Box Number .... Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

Situations Vacant.

WANTED—A well qualified GRADUATE, having experience in Co-operation, Economics and Banking for the post of an Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Societies on probation for one year in the grade of 150 to 300. Apply to the undersigned with testimonials. R. R. PAWAR, Registrar, Co-operative Societies, Baroda State.
A 1039

WANTED—HEADMISTRESS (GRADUATE), ASSISTANT SENIOR TRAINED MISTRESS for English, Three Trained Senior Mistresses five-years' teaching experience, one Drawing and one Drill-Master for DARESALAAM. Gujarati knowing candidates preferred. Apply A. S. B., Care "Bombay Chronicle."
A R 2673

WANTED five educated, experienced and respectable youths to organise an Insurance Company on consolidated pay and allowances. Application in the Candidates' own handwriting and stating terms should be made to the General Manager, ARYAN ASSURANCE, LTD., 7, Mission Row, Block "B", Calcutta. Candidates prepared to go to any part of India, Burma, Ceylon and British East Africa should only apply. Interviews by previous engagement only.
A D E

REQUIRED—An expert in Forestry and agriculture who can run a large farm on scientific lines and also supervise a large Circle of Forests where agricultural and Forest experiments are to be made. Salary upto 500/- P. M. according to qualifications. Will be guided in all matters of leave, travelling allowance, Security, Pension, etc., by State Rules. Apply with photograph and copies of testimonials which will not be returned and without which no application will be considered, before the 1st of July 1930 to the ARMY MINISTER, in His Highness' Government, Alwar.
A 996

WANTED—REPRESENTATIVES for the Ganges Weaving & Knitting Mills, Co., Ltd., Buxar on decent salary in all Sub-division and District towns for sale of stylish Swadeshi Hosiery piece goods. Apply MANAGING DIRECTOR, enclosing two annas stamps for full particulars.
A 1014

WANTED—AGENTS everywhere on decent pay and commission. Apply for particulars and samples. Cash security Rs. 5 essential. LAXMI SOAP FATORY, Ahmedabad.
A R 2632

Situations Wanted

WANTED—BY an energetic unmarried BENGALI YOUTH the POST of any capacity in Bombay. Going to join the Davar's College of Commerce, Bombay, in July 1930 for G.D.A. and other courses. Is a passed Accountant of the L.C.C. Board and a 1st class Stenographer. Two years' practical experience in Government offices as passed Accounts Clerk. Apply Box No. 39, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
B R 2671

Profession.

J. J. HOSPITAL NURSING ASSOCIATION—Supplies fully qualified NURSES for sick in private families in Bombay and mofussil. Charges Rs. 10/4/ per day or night. Apply to the SISTER SUPERINTENDENT.
N R2670

Matrimonial

INTERNATIONAL MATRIMONIAL AGENCY—Ladies and gentlemen, Hindus, Parsis, Mahomedans, Jews, Europeans, all communities apply with full particulars and photos. Strictly confidential Apply Post Box No. 899, Bombay.
M R 2639

Medical.

FOR the cure and care of Mental and nervous diseases Lunacy, Hysteria, Epilepsy, Convulsions, Neuralgias, Sciatica, Headaches, Neurasthenia, Alcoholism opium and drug habits. Also malaria, Consumption, Dyspepsia Sprue. Apply Post Box 899, Bombay. Rejuvenation (Ladies and Gentlemen) a speciality.
2615

Trade Announcement.

"LIFE AGENCY"—A well-established Indian Insurance Company offers agency for the Southern Mahratta country including Native States on favourable terms to a capable and respectable person or firm of good standing. Apply immediately to Box No. 37, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
T 1030

THE GWALIOR SUN brand PORTLAND CEMENT

surpasses all the requirements of the British standard Specification and is certified by Government Test House, Alipore to be cement of a high order and recommended for all classes of work. All enquiries and orders will have our best attention.

YUSUF BUILDING,
Churchgate Street, Fort Bombay
Tel. No. 21934.

Loans

27,000 Twenty-seven thousand (about) loan without interest granted for ten years enlistment according concession is continued till 29th July, 1930. Next date fixed for granting fresh loans 31st July 1930. Respectable Agents wanted on commission and pay Rs. 50 to 200. Ask for rules and list of loans granted THE BANKING & INDUSTRIAL SYNDICATE LTD., Bombay 2.
D 782

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

1. POST ELECTRICAL ENGINEER.
2. Salary upto 1,500 according to qualifications. Must be fully acquainted with all electrical machinery and installations and is required to run the Power House and entire electrical installation of Alwar and the districts.

Will be guided in all matters of leave, travelling allowance, security, pension, etc., by State Rules.

Apply with photograph and copies of testimonials, which will not be returned and without which no applications will be considered, before 5th July, 1930, to the FOREIGN SECRETARY, to His Highness' Government, Alwar.
960

COTTON PRESS AND DECORTICATING FACTORY FOR SALE.

For further particulars apply before 10—7-30 to:—
THE LIQUIDATORS,
Sri Venkateswara Cotton Pressing and Ginning Co., Ltd.,
NANDYAL, R. S.
1001

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo per s. s. "CELEBES MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 26th June, from Japan, Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Colombo, and are requested to send their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application is received by the undersigned within seven days after the date of discharge. No survey will be held on cargo in single gunny Messrs. Ericson and Richards, the Marine Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing Shed or warehouse is not entitled to survey. The Bills for claims are to be sent to this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained.
M. HOWARD, Manager
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT OF BIKANER.

SEALED TENDERS are invited and will be received by the undersigned on or before the 14th July, 1930, for supply of three lacs of empty second-hand (used) whisky black bottles quart (26 oz.) and pint (13 oz.) size, in equal number of each, fitted with corks. The whole supply will be made in three instalments of one lac each, the first being followed by another after three months. Samples of bottles should be sent for approval along with tenders.

The successful tenderer will have to deposit 15 per cent. (fifteen per cent) of the value of the accepted tender with the State as a security for due fulfilment of the contract, which shall be refunded after the completion of the contract.

BENI SHIAM WAHIE,
Secretary,
Stores Purchase Committee.
Bikaner, 20-6-30.
1034

THE GAEKWAR OIL & CHEMICAL CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Baroda State.)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at Sayajigunj, Baroda, on FRIDAY, the 27th June, 1930, at 1 p.m. (S. T.), to transact the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and the Profit and Loss Account for the period ending 31st December, 1929.

(2) To elect the Directors in place of Sir Lallubhai Shamaldas Kt., C.I.E., and Mr. Nagindas T Master who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

(3) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

(4) To transact such other business as the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 20th June, 1930, to 5th July, 1930 (both days inclusive).

By Order of the Board,
N. PURSHOTTAM & CO.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.
Baroda, 5th June, 1930.
900

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that GULAM SAHEB bin MAHOMED SAYEED MUKRI, of Pen, Kokn Mahomedan and Ismail Haj Rajab of Bombay, Kokn Mahomedan Inhabitant have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients Messrs. HUSSEIN HASHAM, SHERALLY MAHOMED KHAN MAHOMED and ABDULLA HUSSEIN. All persons having any claim against the said property by way of inheritance mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 95 Ash Lane, Fort, within 14 days of the date hereof, otherwise no notice will be taken of such claim and the same, if any, will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax Tenure together with the structures standing thereon and known as "Khoja Burial Ground No. 50" situate, lying and being at the Junction of Imamwada Road and Jail Road West, outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1614 square yards or thereabouts and being part of land bearing Old Survey No. 2182 New Survey No. 3102 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1869 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward Nos. 3385-3353 Street Nos. 63 35 2-4 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the Jail Road West on or towards the South of the property called Nursipura belonging to Behmahomed Abdulrehman on or towards the West by the Ismaili Kabrastan, and on or towards the North by the property belonging to the Vendors and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1/1869 Mandvi Division.)

Dated this 26th day of June, 1930
HABIB R. PARPIA.
For Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher & Hiralal,
Purchasers Attorneys.
1038

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

SETH GORDHANDAS SUNDERDAS MEDICAL COLLEGE, Parel, Bombay.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Registered Medical Practitioners for the post of Associate Professor of Physiology. They should be sent to the undersigned on or before THURSDAY, the 3rd July, 1930, on forms to be obtained from the Dean's Office.

Terms and conditions of appointment will be sent on application.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA,
Dean.
1035

Legal Notices.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. FIDAALLY HOOSEINALLY has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever, is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground with the messuage, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the West side of Lamington Road, near Grant Road, in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by admeasurement four hundred and thirty-three square yards or thereabouts, be the same little more or less and being a portion of the land registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 77, 350 and New No. B/13574, Old Survey Nos. 188, 189, 187 and New Survey No. 4/7366 and Cadastral Survey No. 1205 of Girgaum Division and assessed by the Municipality under D Ward No. 1804-1-2, Street No. 18-18A and bounded on or towards the North by the property of Esufally Kikabhoy, on or towards the East by the Lamington Road near Grant Road, on or towards the South by the property of Burjorji Maneckji Patell and on or towards the West partly by the property of Nadirshaw Vakil and partly by the land of Sadakally Kikabhoy.

Dated this 26th day of June, 1930.
MULLA & MULLA,
Purchasers' Attorneys.
1036

Auction Sales.

MESSRS. BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF MUNICIPAL MARKET RIGHTS AT GRANDANWADY.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will, on THURSDAY, the 3rd July next at 3 A.M. (B.T.), sell by Public Auction on the spot the rights of collecting and receiving squatters' fees from the fish section and wholesale vegetable section of the Grandanwady Market from 17th July 1930 to 31st March 1931.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Superintendent, Crawford Markets or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY (SHED) AT DONTAD STREET, KHADAK.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as Receiver appointed in Suit No. 1931 of 1929 (Nurmahomed Jusab and others vs. Valimahomed Haji Ebrahim and another) and pursuant to the directions contained in the Order dated the 6th May, 1930, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will, on MONDAY, the 7th July next at 11-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of land of which Malai Memon or Minara Mosque is the Fazandar together with a shed erected thereon, situate at Dontad Street, admeasuring about 95 square yards, bearing Collector's New No. 7118, Lughbhas Survey No. 2944 (Part), Cadastral Survey No. 1/1086 of Mandvi Division and assessed by the Municipality under 'B' Ward No. 1830, Street No. 250 and bounded on the East by Dontad Street, on the West by Sweepers Passage, on the North by the property of Minara Musjid and on the South by the property of Haji Ismail Mahomed.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Munchershaw B. Chothia & Co., Attorneys for the Court Receiver or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

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Amusements.

RIALTO CINEM
Daily at 6.30, 8-15 and 10 p. m.
No Dance at 3-15 p.m.
The Beautiful Indian Film Star.
ZUBEIDA
In
DEVADASI
(Bride of the Gods.)
Also a
DAZZLING ATMOSPHERIC PROLOGUE
in which ZUBEIDA Dances.
Select Indian Music By
PROF. DEODHAR'S Famous Indian Orchestra.

THE CAPITOL THE LAST DAY
Only At 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Absolutely New Picture—Never shown before.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
TO-NIGHT at 10 P.M.
REWARD
HAROLD LLOYD
will deliver
10,000
Laughs and Thrills to every one who will
WELCOME DANGER
HIS FIRST TALKING PICTURE

EXCELSIOR THEATRE.
TO-DAY at 6-30 P.M. ONLY.
CLARA BOW
In her first Talking Picture
THE WILD PARTY
A Jazz Festival of Joy
and a Bevy of
"IT-FULL" BEAUTIES

EMPIRE THEATRE
6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
THE POPULAR SIN
featuring
FLORENCE VIDOR
When a beautiful, dignified gentle-woman is married to a Roistering Rounder, marital difficulties are likely—Divorce probable.

ROYAL Opera House,
6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.
Colossus of Sea Thrillers
ANNA Q. NILSSON
in
BLOCKADE
Terrific drama of the Bootlegging Main—the law—and those who break it.

GLOBE CINEMA
Sandhurst Road
To-night 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.
KEN MAYNARD
In
'SENOR AMERICANO'
NEXT SATURDAY
EDDIE POLO
in
"THE SECRET POLICE"
The Most Amazing Film of Underworld Romance ever made!

See H. H. The Aga Khan's horse also (Blenheim) win the world's famous race—the DERBY.
PATHE SUPER GAZETTE.
DANCING AROUND—COMEDY.
TO-DAY at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Commencing from SATURDAY.
"SAL OF SINGAPORE"
Featuring
PHYLLIS HAVER, ALAN HALE and FRED KOHLER.
A love romance of the sea filled with drama, thrill and humour.
NEW PATHE CINEMA
Lamington Road,
(Queen's Road End)
Phone 41561.

Auction Sales.

GANDHI AND CO.

SALE THIS DAY AT 5 P.M. (S. T.).
AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTY AT GHOGHARI MOHOLLA.

Messrs. GANDHI and Co., Auctioneers, will, under instructions from Messrs. Vachha and Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Premaji Saudanji and Co., the Mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of the Estate of Mahomed Sale Bin Sheikh Saheb Pundey, the Mortgagor, in pursuance of the Power of Sale contained in the Indenture of Mortgage dated 2nd March 1926, sell by Public Auction undermentioned Property on FRIDAY, 27th June, 1930, at 5 p.m. (S. T.) on the premises.

All that piece of Government Land of Quit and Ground Rent Tenure with dwelling house thereon, situate on the East side of Ghoghari Moholla, admeasurement 75-5/9 square yards, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 877, New No. 8042, Old Survey No. 1660, New Survey No. 950 and Cadastral Survey No. 344a of Bhuleshwar Division, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 6215 and Street Nos. 161 and 163 and New Street No. 39.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale please apply to Messrs. Vachha and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees, or to the undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

PICKETING IN FORT CONTINUES.

25 Congress Volunteers Arrested While 13 Jailed.

The thirteen Congress Volunteers who were arrested in connection with picketing the foreign cloth shops in the Fort area on Wednesday afternoon were placed before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, Chief Presidency Magistrate on Thursday morning. They were (1) Miyaji Kanji Patel (2) Luxmon Babu (3) M. Suchanarayen (4) Lal Mohmed (5) R. Krishnaswamy (6) Prabhashanker Ishwarlal (7) Ramsingh Bhagwansingh (8) Ganpat Datatrai (9) Krishna Narayen (10) Samlalji Tarachand (11) Nanalal Nathalal (12) Maruti Krishna and (13) Moonaswamy Ranagya.

Deputy Inspector Forester in his evidence said that the accused were arrested while picketing shops in the Fort area and shouting "Boycott British Goods". Some of the accused pleaded guilty while others said by picketing they were doing their duty.

The Magistrate sentenced them to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

Till 2 p.m. on Thursday 14 volunteers were arrested.

Picketing of foreign cloth shops in the Fort area was continued by the Congress volunteers as usual on Thursday and in all 25 picketers were arrested. As usual large crowds collected in front of the Whiteaway Laidlaws shop but contrary to the usual practise there were no police. Probably the absence of police was the result of the demand of the second and third floor tenants of the Whiteaway's who had sent a notice to the Manager on Wednesday asking him to remove the police immediately. The crowds who gathered in front of the shop continued to shout "Boycott British Goods" at short intervals.

In the afternoon at about 2-0 p.m. about 50 students formed into a procession and paraded through Hornby Road making demonstrations in front of foreign cloth shops. Following are the names of arrested volunteers:—

1. R C Bhatt; 2. Kalyanji Bhanji Chedda; 3. Amruthlal Amichand Desai; 4. Jatalal Magnlal; 5. Lakshidas Ukarda; 6. Shankar Yashwant Raut; 7. Jagannath B. Pradhan; 8. Narayandas Parmandas; 9. Valji Leeladhar; 10. Abdul Jabbar; 11. Dharamsi Dongersi; 12. Premji Dayal; 13. Govindji Nagsi Polaria; 14. Narsidas Kalyanji; 15. Ramji Monji Thakkar; 16. Shankar Babaji; 17. Krishna Ramchandra; 18. Krishna Nagoji; 19. Mahadeo Ladu; 20. Sitaram Daji; 21. Kuvaldas Harakdas; 22. Narayan Gunadji; 23. Chimanlal Bhogilal; 24. Shamro Narsingrao; and 25. Jayaram Ramaya.

Liquor Shop Picketing.

—:o:—

A large number of Congress volunteers were engaged as usual in picketting liquor shops in the E. F. and G. Wards on Thursday evening. As a result few people were seen entering the shops. At several shops the picketters were treated courteously by the shopkeepers who had given them chairs to sit.

In certain localities like Thakurdwar the public sumed to have taken upon themselves the work of picketters. They gathered in large numbers in front of the shops which by prevented people from entering the shops.

At Dadar in front of the Dadar Bar a European who was probably drunk created a scene by dancing on the road. This attracted a large number of people to that place but after some time he however left the place quietly.

CONGRESS APPEAL TO POLICE.

—:o:—

Leaflets Broadcast.

—:o:—

Besides continuing the usual activities of picketing foreign cloth shops in the Fort area and liquor shops in E, F and G Wards a number of Congress volunteers were engaged on Thursday in distributing thousands of leaflets among the police appealing them not to use force against peaceful and non-violent Satyagrahis and to join the Congress.

WAR COUNCIL MEMBERS REMOVED TO NASIK.

—:o:—

The members of the two "War Councils" of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee who were sentenced recently to various terms of imprisonment were removed to Nasik Jail on Thursday morning. They were given a hearty send-off by their friends and relatives at Byculla station. All of them looked cheerful and told those present at the railway station to carry on the struggle. Among those who were removed to Nasik were Shriyuts G. V. Kapadia, Jinabhai Joshi, Maneklal Gandhi, Manibhai Desai, Minu Koyaji, Mukund Malaviya, S. K. Pupala, Narayan Manjrekar, B. R. Dhurandhar, Sharma and I. S. Patel.

CHEMBOOR LADIES' SUCCESSFUL PICKETING.

The President of The Trombay Congress Committee writes:—

"Up to now, there have been three arrests, under the new ordinance, at Chemboor. Since the 25th, of June, the work has been entirely given in charge of the ladies. The picketing begins at 10-30 a.m. and ends at 9 p.m. in the night. The work is entirely satisfactory, there being "hardly" a customer."

Relief To Satyagrahis' Families

—:o:—

Mr. Lalbhai Patel, the Secretary of the Volunteers' Relief Committee, Bombay, has issued an appeal to the public of Bombay, to help the Committee by giving generous donations. This Committee is formed with Sheth Narayanlal Bansilal, Sheth Veljee Napoo and Sheth Virchand Premchand as treasurers, to help financially the dependants and the families of tthe volunteers who have been either jailed or killed. Donations should be sent to the Congress House; for which receipts will be issued.

Akali Dal's Appeal To Public

—:o:—

BOMBAY June 25.

The Secretary, Akali Dal, writes:

The whole of India is proud of the unflinching courage and bravery shown by Akali men and women at the Esplanade Maidan on Saturday last. A large number of people are applying to be enlisted in the Akali Dal for whole time work. The Executive Committee of Siri Guru Singh Sabha held a meeting to-day and reviewed the whole situation. The Akali Dal is running for the last four months through the exclusive support of the local Singh Sabha and all the funds at its disposal are exhausted. Bombay Sikhs are practically a poor community and can not effectively cope with the expenses of running the Dal and therefore Akali Dal appeals to the general public to contribute their mite towards its funds. A collection committee of the following gentlemen has been formed who are authorized to receive collections:—

Sirdar Partap Singh, President Akali Dal.

Jamiat Singh, Secretary Akali Dal.

Sirdar Labh Singh, Treasurer Akali Dal.

Sirdar Lal Singh Beri

Sirdar Balwant Singh

Sirdar Lal Singh.

Jamiat Singh, the Secretary has been authorised to approach the representatives of Mercantile Associations and Akali Dal expects a hearty response to this appeal and assures the general public that as long as a single Sikh is living, he will come forward to lay his life for Congress and the country.

LIQUOR ENTIRELY STOPPED AT MULUND.

—:o:—

Vile Parle Satyagrahi Activities Reviewed.

VILE PARLE, June 25.

(From Publicity Office.)

As announced before, the volunteers of the Camp brought 8 maunds and 20 seers of natural salt on Sunday the 22nd inst. and sold it in public.

The Government has taken the rifles of Krishna Patil and Vamanrao Vaiti at Mulund for they took active part in this movement.

Liquor has been entirely stopped at Mulund. There is bidding on the 7th and 8th of July at Thana. It is said the Police Officers go from house to house inducing people to take the shops.

In Mulund meetings are held every Saturday night and processions are organised every Sunday morning. Regular classes are being conducted in villages by the Satyagraha Camp. A Takli Sangha will be also started. A Charkha class is going on and ladies of the Suburbs take advantage of the same.

The ladies from Ghatkoper picket liquor and Toddy shops strongly at Chembur. The Parsi owner of the shop is boycotted. All the leaders of Chembur viz. Mr. Jabir Alli, Mr. Chemburker and Mr. Purav have been arrested and sentenced. But the work is going on vigorously.

"THE RISING YOUTH."

—:o:—

Security Demanded.

—:o:—

A security of Rs. 2,000/- was demanded by th Chief Presidency Magistrate from Mr. R. D. Baliwala who declared himself as the Printer and Publisher of "The Rising Youth" a monthly magazine. The management have, therefore, decided to stop the publication of the journal for the present.

GIRL STUDENTS MEETING.

—:o:—

Under the auspices of the Bombay School Students' Union there will be a meeting of the girl students of the schools of Bombay, in the Jinnah Hall, Girgaum Back Road, on Monday the 30th instant at 6 p.m. when some women interested in the educational problems will address the meeting. All the girl students are requested to attend.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

—:o:—

TO-DAY.

Harwood League: Attached vs. G. I. P. Railway, Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.

S. S. Malwa with the English mails of June 12, due at 6 a.m.

SATURDAY, June 8.

The s.s. "Razmak" with the homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

Harwood League: Dukes vs. Y. M. C. A., Cooperage, 5-45 p.m.

BOMBAY TRAMWAY MEN'S UNION

The annual general meeting of this Union will be held to-day at 6 p.m. (S. T.) in Dhuru Hall, Dadar.

IN MEMORIAM.

Members of the Bombay Shroff Association will close their business to-day in honour of the sad demise of Sheth Revashanket Jagjivan Zaveri, Ex-Vice-President, who has rendered meritorious services to the Association.

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY

A special meeting of the Society will be held at the Anatomy Theatre Grant Medical College to-day at 4 p.m. (S. T.) when Vaidya Gangadharshastri will deliver a lecture on "Anatomy in Sushruta".

INDIAN MERCHANTS' CHAMBER AND SENATE

As a result of the polling which took place on the 23rd instant, at the office of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Mr. Nagindas T. Master, has been declared to be duly elected to represent the Chamber on the Senate of the Bombay University.

NOTICE

(Through B. P. C. C.)

Captains and Vice-Captains of all Bombay Volunteer Corps are requested to meet the Jt. Hon. Secretaries, Boycott Committee of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee at the Congress House today between 12 and 5 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. "Khandalla" will be closed at the General Post Office at 12 noon p.m. on Wednesday the 2nd proximo. Correspondence for Mauritius, Reunion, Madagascar Ports, Natal, Cape Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

UPANISHAD AND GEETA CLASSES

Swami Sambuddahananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on Bhagwat Gita at the General Educations Society's Chhabildas Lallubhai English School, Dadar, on Sunday next at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.)

The Swami will also conduct a public class on Upanishad in English at Seth Jamnadas Mathuradas's Bungalow, Borivli on Sunday evening at 7 p.m.

MERCHANTS MEETING AT DADAR

All merchants of 'G' Ward will meet to-day at 9 p.m. at Dhuru Hall, Dadar near Tilak Bridge when Mrs. Lilavati Munshi will preside. All merchants are requested to be present punctually.

VANITA VISHRAM, BOMBAY

Under the auspices o fRashtriya Stri Sabha, Dr. Mrs. Dosibai Dadabhai will give a series of lectures on 'First Aid' every Wednesday and the first lecture will begin on 2nd July at 2 p.m.

Prof. K. T. Shah will give a series of lectures on every Saturday between 5 to 6-30 p.m. on "Present movement from economic point of view."

DESH SEVIKA'S MEETING

A meeting of Desh Sevikas will be held at Bhagwan Kalyanji's Wadi at 2-30 p.m. to-day. All the Sevikas are requested to attend.

MRS. NEHRU IN DADAR.

—:o:—

Addresses Women's Meeting.

—:o:—

A public meeting of women was held at Dadar in Dhuru Hall on Wednesday last under the auspices of 'G' Ward District Congress Committee. Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhale exhorting the audience to take the example of their other sisters who were fighting side by side with their men for their country's freedom.

Srimati Shantabai Vengasarkare, the captain of Dadar Deshsevika Sangha, appealed to women to come to the fore and carry on house to house propaganda for the boycott of foreign cloth and promoting the production of yarn and Khaddar.

During the proceedings of the meeting Shrimati Swaruprani Nehru, Shrimati Ramabai Kamdar and Shrimati Ratanbai Mehta entered the meeting. Shrimati Swaruprani Nehru was garlanded with yarn garlands which were spun in the meeting. On being requested to address the meeting, Mrs. Nehru made a stirring appeal to boycott foreign cloth. Shrimati Ramabai Kamdar, Ratanbai Mehta and other volunteers of Deshsevika Sangha exhorted the audience to contribute their mite in the present struggle.

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ARABIAN SEA MONSOON VIGOROUS.

—:o:—

Bay Current Active In Burma.

—:o:—

POONA, June 26.

The Arabian sea monsoon is vigorous in Malabar and Konkan, and active in southeast Madras, Deccan, Behar and West Central India. Bay current has been active in Burma but weak in northeast India. Yesterday's unsettled conditions are developing into a depression off Orissa, Ganjam coast and have strengthened monsoon in north Madras Coast and east Central Provinces. Rainfall has been nearly general in Lower Burma, East Central Provinces, Konkan, South Hyderabad, and Malabar and local in Upper Burma; Bengal, United Provinces, West Central India, West Central Provinces, East and North Punjab, Bombay Deccan, North Hyderabad, Mysore, Madras Deccan, and north Madras Coast, while a few falls have occurred in Assam, Bihar and Orissa, Gujarat and Southeast Madras.

Chief amounts of rainfall are: Port Blair one inch, Diamond Island five, Myitkyina and Tavoy two, Akyab, Maymyo, Mergui and Amherst one and a half; Rangoon, Balasore and Silchar one, Raipur two, Pendra one, Mussooree three quarters, Neemuch Akola and Khandwa a half; Seoni, Gorakhpur Deha Dun, Nagpur and Jagdalpur a quarter, Dalhousie two; Hissar one; Delhi a half; Mount Abu, and Ambala a quarter; Marmagao, and Ratnagiri five, Bombay, Gopalpur, Cochin, Mangalore and Calicut three, Trivandrum two; Mercara, Mahabaleshwar and Ahmednagar one and a half; Hanamkonda, Cocanada, and Vellore three quarters and Belgaum and Nizamabad a half.

Forecast:—Decrease in Upper Burma, East Punjab and West United Provinces, increase in Tenasserim, north Madras Coast, Central Provinces and North Deccan and extension in Orissa.

Heavy Rainfall warning:—Locally heavy falls are likely in Orissa, East Central Provinces and North Madras Coast during the next forty-eight hours.

Earthquake Report: An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about two thousand two hundred miles away was recorded by the Bombay Seismographs at four hours nine minutes, Indian Standard time on Thursday, June 26.—A. P.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Bombay, June 26.

	Since 1st June 1930 to date.	Past 24 Hrs.
Calcutta	0.1	7.8
Cuttack	0.1	4.0
Ranchi	T.	3.3
Patna	0.4	4.8
Allahabad	0.1	2.1
Cawnpore	0.1	0.8
Lucknow	..	1.6
Jhansi	..	1.3
Agra	..	1.9
Dehra Dun	0.2	5.2
Delhi	..	3.0
Ambala		
Lahore	..	0.5
Rawalpindi	..	0.3
Srinagar	..	1.1
Peshawar	..	0.1
Quetta	..	0
Jaipur	..	3.9
Ajmer	0.5	3.9
Deesa	..	0.6
Rajkot	..	2.1
Ahmedabad	0.2	1.7
Bhopal	.1	2.2
Akola	..	1.2
Jubbulpore	..	3.1
Nagpur	0.7	6.1
Bombay	0.7	15.1
Ahmednagar	..	1.9
Poona	T	0.9
Sholapur	0.3	2.1
Bijapur	..	1.7
Hyderabad (Dn.)	..	3.9
Bangalore	T.	1.0
Mysore	0.1	0.5
Calicut	0.5	19.0
Madras	3.9	pl.1.3
Maymyo	12.8	pl.4.9
Darjiling	16.6	—2.3
Simla	4.5	—0.2
Pachmarhi	0.7	7.7
Colombo		9.9

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a. m. of 26-6-1930.

Barometer (corrected to 32 degrees F.) at 8 a. m. 29.537 inches (1.54 below normal.)

Change of 8 a. m. barometer in past 24 hours —.049.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 78.7 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 77.2 degrees.

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 83.6 degrees (2.6 below normal.)

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 75.0 degrees (2.1 below normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a. m. 93 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a. m. S.W.

Velocity of Wind at 8 a. m. 6 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 273 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 26 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a. m. (the whole sky cloudy.—10) 10.

BOMBAY CITY RAINFALL.

—:o:—

Bombay June 26.

	Rainfall at Colaba Observatory.	Fort Point.	J. J. Hospital.
Rainfall during 24 hours ending 8 a. m. of date	26-6-1930 3.07	1.90	2.48
Total since 1st June to date	18.21	18.98	17.93
Total for the corresponding period of	1928 23.41	26.25	21.48
Total for the corresponding period of	1929 25.31	31.46	23.04

WOMEN'S PROCESSION

Under the auspices of 'G' Ward Congress Committee and Desh Sewika Sangh a procession of women is arranged to popularise Spinning Wheel. The procession will start at 3-30 p.m. on Saturday the 28th instant from Tilak Bridge, Dadar.

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THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1930.

BOYCOTT THE CONFERENCE.

—:o:—

It used to be announced with beat of drums by interested parties and credulous persons that the Simon Commission would champion the cause of minorities, specially the Mussalmans. Even after the publication of the First Volume of the Report some Mussalmans refused to be disillusioned and one enthusiastic votary of the "new faith" actually expressed his gratitude to the authors of the Report because the Report had not thrown the Mussalmans to the wolves. Let us see. The constitution of India will ultimately be Federal. It may be so. But for practical purposes it is nothing more useful than a will-o-the-wisp. For, on the admission of the Commissioners themselves complete Self-Government—and therefore Federalism—is not possible in the visible future. Till then the Centre will be all-powerful. Even Chaudhri Zafrallah, of Lahore who co-operated with the Commission finds himself compelled to say: "In all essential matters and for practically all time to come one visualises the Central Government which, so far as its control of the Army and Foreign Relations is concerned, will always be dictated to by the Viceroy and through him by the Secretary of State." The Federal idea is very desirable, but it is ridiculous to dance at it when Federalism is not intended to materialise within a measurable distance of time. As regards the separation of Sind all that has been done is that "the question whether it is desirable will at once be taken up." But "there are grave administrative objections to isolating Sind" and the question will necessitate "a close and dealled enquiry into the financial consequences." Separation, thus, has not been promised, much less recommended. As to the N. W. F. P., the less said about the deep wrong that is proposed to be done to that brave but unhappy province, the better.

All that has, in fact, been given to the Mussalmans is separate representation. But this grant has been accompanied by a statutory denial of majority in Bengal and the Punjab, while what was demanded was a statutory majority. We have no sympathy with the much advertised All-India Muslim Conference. We have grave objections to most of the fourteen points as postulated by the Conference in Delhi in 1929. But we would suggest to the Conference to compare the fourteen points with the "concessions" recommended by the Simon Commission. We would also challenge any opponent of the dead and much abused Nehru Report to say now, who approached the problem of minorities with greater sympathy, the members of the Nehru Committee or those of the Simon Commission. This apart, we notice with pleasure that with one or two exceptions, the Simon Report has been condemned by every Mussalman who had opposed the Nehru Report. But is this enough? They got the Nehru Report scrapped although it was much more liberal and generous. Honesty must compel them to demand the scrapping of the Simon recommendations and to declare a boycott of the Round Table Conference.

They owe this duty not only to the Muslim community but also to the country. They allowed themselves to be played with by the enemies of India long enough. They injured the cause both of the country and of themselves. The least they should do now is to stand by the country and help in the national boycott of the Round Table Conference. In this connection it is gratifying to note that Liberals and other non-Congressmen have not only definitely boycotted the Simon Report but are also demanding with greater emphasis an unequivocal declaration regarding the Round Table Conference. We hope they would go further and declare a boycott of the Conference unless the nation's terms are accepted. This is the only logical and self-respecting course now open to Indians. If they do not do so now and go to the Conference on the strength of a vague assurance, they will be denounced by the country as traitors to its cause.

WELCOME BACK

—:o:—

We welcome Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel back from the small jail to the bigger jail. His release from imprisonment gives the Nation the services of a tried leader, and a wise Government would take men like him and his chief, Mahatma Gandhi, into consultation and embark upon the path of conciliation, leading to honourable understanding between Britain and India. But if unwisdom continues to prevail at Simla, and the foolish policy of repression is pursued with vigour and utter disregard of consequences, the chances are that the Sardar will receive again an invitation to jail. We warn Government that the course they have followed of clapping into prison the leaders of the people whose influence has been throughout exercised in keeping the national struggle for freedom on non-violent lines is one which they will have to regret most.

A STEP FORWARD.

—:o:—

The All-India Medical Conference at Simla which met on Monday and Tuesday under the chairmanship of Sir Fazl-i-Hussein has taken a step forward in making India autonomous regarding the supervision of medical education, thus giving a fitting reply to the insolent attitude of the British Medical Council. Sir Fazl-i-Hussein deserves to be congratulated on his exhaustive study of the question and on the desire, which animated his presidential speech, of making India free of outside control in the domain of superintendence of medical qualifications and standards. The Conference decided to suggest legislation for the establishment of an All-India Medical Council consisting of thirty members. The majority of these will be members nominated by the medical faculties of the Universities and by the independent medical profession. We understand that Sir Ghulam Hussein Hidayatullah, Dr. S. K. Validya and the Bombay contigent took up a strong attitude on the question of making the Council thoroughly representative and great credit is due to them for this spirited stand. The bill drafted on lines suggested by the Conference is to be circulated for public criticism and suggestion and we hope the independent medical profession will give it their urgent attention and suggest improvements in it. A practical suggestion the Conference made deserves notice. It requested the Government of India to approach the Secretary of State to exercise his power of removing the ban, preventing admission to the I.M.S. examination to those Indians who have no registrable medical qualifications in the United Kingdom. Mr. Benn should have no difficulty in removing this ban.

SCANDALOUS.

—:o:—

We have repeatedly drawn attention in these columns to the capricious manner in which the rules framed by the Government of India for the classification of political prisoners according to their educational and social status have been interpreted by trying magistrates. The letter we published on Wednesday from Mr. A. V. Thakkar, the well-known social worker, relating to the humiliating and harsh treatment political prisoners are receiving in Sabarmati jail regarding the dieting arrangements made for them shows that the classification rules are being disregarded in every way. We should not have thought it possible for a civilized Government to offer to Indians, whose social distinction it recognises by putting them into A class, the insult of ranking them with C class European convicts in the matter of food. The B class Indian political prisoners share a worse fate while the C class are in the matter of dietary no better treated than ordinary prisoners. The ideas of penology of the British bureaucracy in India reek of the Middle Ages—so far as Indians are concerned—but officialdom should, in its own interests, realise the necessity of classing all political prisoners in one group and allowing them a subsistence allowance which will cover the barest necessities of civilized life. The one which they actually obtain, though its theoretical value is five annas, is only, as Mr. Thakkar says, five pice per diem. Evidently Jatin Das' immolation has been unable to melt the bureaucratic heart.

SELF-RESPECTING COURSE

—:o:—

At their meeting on Wednesday the Indian Merchants' Chamber decided to remain without representation in the Legislative Assembly and the Bombay Legislative Council. This was the only self-respecting course they could take, after having, in consonance with popular opinion, asked Sriyuts Purshottamdas Thakurdas and Lalji Naranji to resign from the Assembly and the local legislature respectively. Mr. Tairsee's passion for re-nomination or uncontested re-election of these gentlemen was, in the circumstances, surprising. It betrays a curious inability to gauge accurately the popular disgust with those "temples of Maya", the legislatures of this country, as at present constituted. It is but fitting that the Indian Merchants' Chamber should have nothing to do with them. Mr. Lalji's admission that they are useless is significant. By its dcision the Chamber has indicated unequivocally its repugnance of the repressive policy of Government and its active sympathy with the national movement.

WRONG ATTITUDE.

—:o:—

The Bombay Municipal Corporation passed in 1923 a resolution that no article manufactured in any part of the British Empire outside India should be used by any of the departments of the Municipality or by any of its contractors except when they were not available in other parts of the world. The action of the Municipal Commissioner in accepting a tender for the supply of water-proof coats of British make for the use of the Municipal staff very rightly evoked strong criticism from some members of the Standing Committee at its Wednesday's meeting. Mr. Dalal's defence was weak and even provocative. It is the duty of the head of the Corporation's Executive to abide by its declared wishes and, although Mr. Dalal may be technically within his rights, when he said he was not legally bound to give effect to the resolution, an attitude of disrespect to the Corporation's wishes is not at all likely to help him in his duties. He was saved from what was practically a vote of censure only by the casting vote of the Chairman. We hope the lesson will not be lost upon him.

PUNCTUATION.

—:o:—

(BY ?)

According to Mr. Wilfred Wellock, M.P., the Simon Report is wanting in courage and imagination. That may or may not be true. But it certainly is Not wanting in cheek and hallucination.

* * * * *

The District Magistrate of Guntur has banned the "Gandhi" cap as you know, under Sec. 144, because it will disturb the public tranquility.

* * * * *

This is good so far as it goes. But it does not go very far. Orders must be issued under Sec. 144 that no body must appear in a public place wearing a dark complexion. That would betray his Indian nationality which is a great enemy of public tranquility.

* * * * *

The order in fact will kill another bird also, namely, the boycott of British goods. At least there will be a great demand for British made masks, or grease and paint.

* * * * *

So much for externals. I am emphatically of the opinion that the "Gandhi Idea" inside the head is much more dangerous. The helpless grey matter loudly calls for its freedom from this pernicious idea.

* * * * *

But I am not sure if the issue of lathi blows under Sec. 144 would be effective although a good sound contact of the lathi will certainly shake it.

* * * * *

But what is wanted is that it should be completely dispersed as an unlawful assembly disturbing the tranquility of the brain. I, therefore, suggest the use of electric batons.

* * * * *

The further advantages of portability etc., are obvious.

* * * * *

No, I was not thinking of Gandhism on the brain. That, although very dangerous to public tranquility, is usually too persistent for electric shocks.

* * * * *

Speaking on the influence of the Press Mr. Baldwin complained the other day that newspapers lose their balance and make attempts "outside the province of journalism to dictate, domineer and blackmail."

* * * * *

Lest you might rush to conclusion, I must assure you that he refers to the British journalism of Lords Beaverbrook and Rothermere.

* * * * *

You might here ask: What about a Press Ordinance? It will be a silly question. "Dictating domineering and blackmailing"—by English papers of course—of ex-or present Prime Ministers come under the Liberty of the Press. While a Press Ordinance is called for when liberty of Indian papers lapses into license for instance, criticism of Government or the I.C.S. In this I am supported by Lords Irwin and Burnham and Sir John Simon.

HEARD IN THE HIGH COURT.

LAWYERS AND NATIONAL MOVEMENT.

(By X.)

Mr. Justice Beaumont, the newly appointed Chief Justice took his seat on the Bench for the first time on Monday last and received from the Government Pleader a welcome on behalf of the Appellate Side Bar. The C. J's. reply was brief and sensible and showed that he realised the difficulties facing him and that he would do his best to put the High Court on a proper working basis, enabling it to get through its work with ease efficiency and regularity. The Bar wants nothing more, nor do the litigants—but they want nothing less, either

* * * * *

Possessed of a well-equipped legal head, Beaumont, C. J. should find no difficulty in acquiring a working knowledge of India law. Sorrounded by judges, barristers and pleaders of experience, he should, if he keeps the administrative side of the work in its proper place and in proper hands, and devotes his five hours of the day to do his judicial work, find no difficulty in getting through a substantial amount of work during the months.

* * * * *

Those around him will always be ready and willing to help him:—but there is one suggestion I should like to make to the C. J., When in doubt about anything, he should take the trouble of enquiring how his predecessor acted under similar circumstances—and then act exactly contrary to that,—he will invariably find himself in the right!

* * * * *

Those who have met the new C. J. are I hear, pleased with his perience of some tall ones in stature, which is just as well, having regard to the High Court's experience of same tall ones in recent times,—has pleasing and dignified features, pleasant and quiet manners, and is said to have none of the Ambersonian fuss and pomposity. It does one good to hear all this said of one who is an utter stranger and in whose hands will chiefly rest the destiny of the Bombay High Court for the next few years. Putting aside for the moment, all political and racial considerations, let us all wish the new Chief Justice a successful and distinguished career.

* * * * *

I hear that on Saturday last, the judges of the High Court gave a dinner in honour of the Chief Justice to which senior counsel, pleaders, solicitors and the principal court officials were invited—altogether about 35, I understand Madgaokar, J., presided and made the ablest speech of the evening—there was only one, and it was in support of the King's Toast, and consisted of one sentence! I take my hat off to Madgaokar, J., I hear the dinner was good, the wines were better and the conversation hilarious and stimulating. I am glad to say that on Monday they all were in Court as usual, none the worse for the Saturday night dissipation.

* * * * *

What strange freaks destiny plays in the lives of us all? If the vacancy on the High Court Bench now filled by Srit. Kania had occurred only two months ago, we would surely have seen K. M. Munshi as Mr. Justice Munshi,—instead of being on the Bench this fine legal and literary intellect is now rotting in a British jail as a political convict. "What a tragedy" I hear you exclaim. Well, in a sense it is a tragedy, but I feel sure that in the end much good will come of it. I see, not as in a glass, dimly, but very clearly, that in the Swarajist India of the very near future will emerge from their sufferings greater than before and will occupy some of the highest judicial and administrative positions in the Government.

* * * * *

There are many in the legal profession and outside it, who predict, that the British Government's convict Munshi will be the Chief Justice of Bombay and, the British Government's convict Nariman will be the Home Member in the Cabinet, however much the members of the present Government and the Police Court Magistrates who have sentenced these men may laugh at such a possibility. Wait and see.

* * * * *

And here I may put on record the shame, humiliation, and disgust with which the legal profession has watched the administration of criminal justice in Bombay and in the Presidency, in connection with the national Civil Disobedience Movement. There is not a lawyer in all India who denies the elementary proposition that he who breaks the law must take the consequences; or that a Magistrate should do his duty unflinchingly, however unpleasant it may be. No one disputes that. But what the lawyers feel most is the conduct of the magistrates in inflicting savage sentences on non-violent political offenders—in other words, for offences which involve not a particle of moral turpitude. The whole country has condemned the Magistracy for these sentences, but no portion of the public has and is feeling this injustice as keenly as the lawyers.

* * * * *

For, it must not be forgotten that the lawyers are part and parcel, and very important part and parcel, of the judicial machinery,—they share in its honour and equally so in its shame, if any. And they feel to-day as they have never felt before, the shame and indignity, the pain and humiliation of being part and parcel of an administrative machinery under which all the time-honoured and respected principles which guide the courts in fitting the puunishment to the crime are flouted and forgotten. These sentences have sunk deep into the hearts of the lawyers, who by their training, can distinguish between right and wrong, between justice and injustice, more quickly and more correctly than the average man can do, and who do not lightly forget or forgive what they recognise as unjust or unfair.

* * * * *

The same may be said of the lawyers' feelings over the action of the police in making lathi attacks on non-violent Congress men and on members of the public; including women and children.

* * * * *

As a result, I hear, of the resolve of the legal profession to take "all" steps within its powers to show its feelings of disgust against the present policy of the British Government. This will take the form of an intense and well-organised boycott of British goods, banks, insurance companies etc., and an equally intensive use of Khaddar and Swadeshi. Already the High Court wears a wonderfully changed appearance—spotless white Khaddar everywhere. It will be more so in the future.

Indian Women In Britain Plead For Release Of Garhwalis & Meerut Accused.

R. T. C WITHOUT MAHATMA WOULD BE A FARCE.

LONDON, June 25.

A meeting of Indian women held in the Society of Friends House at Euston adopted a resolution urging the immediate and unconditional release of Mahatma Gandhi, Subhas Bose, Garwalis and the Meerut and other political prisoners and the abandonment of the "repressive policy", affirming that Indians would not recognise the Round Table Conference unless Mahatma Gandhi participated in it, and declaring that the participation of others in face of the opposition of the Congress, and while Mahatma Gandhi and others were in prison, would be regarded as a betrayal.

Mrs. N. C. Sen presiding paid a tribute to the part women were taking in the present campaign which was a revelation to the world, and expressed a opinion that if people of Britain were left to make their own decision, India would not remain long in bondage.—Reuter.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

—:o:—

Spanish Unrest.

The unrest in Spain is not centred only in Madrid where during the last month's popular demonstrations against the dictatorship of General Berenguer have been frequent and have received the support not only of the Radical leaders but also of the heads of the constitutional parties. The outburst of popular resentment in Seville against the present regime shows that the movement for making a united attack against the policy of de Rivera's successor is rapidly spreading. Repression will fail to kill this movement. It is enthusiastically supported by the students, the influential bourgeois element and also by some of the leaders of the landed aristocracy. And at this very time King Alfonso is on a holiday in England. He will have an unpleasant time of it on his return home.

The All-Important Difference.

Somebody has been annoying the "Statesman" of Calcutta by applying the analogy of Ireland to India a little too closely. In an article entitled "Irish Bulls and Facts" our contemporary has, therefore, expressed extreme displeasure at "the widespread ignorance in this country of both Indian and Irish history, geography, geology, ethnography, psychology and vital statistics—all of which sciences have an important bearing on analogies in constitutional problems." It then proceeds to give facts which show, approximately, that the difference between Ireland and India is as the difference between 1 and 100 and therefore the unavoidable difference between freedom and foreign domination. What emphatically does not follow from this is that a Dominion Constitution for India should differ vitally from the Irish Constitution in nature and details. "Irish Bulls and Facts" may be an amusing combination. What about "Bull-dog fallacies"? But, perhaps, they are justified, if not by history, geography, etc., at least by the science of high finance. The vital difference of four shillings in the pound.

Empire's Slave.

The "Financial Times" of London has protested against the Simon Commission's suggestion that the expenses of the Army in India should be shared by Britain and India. This for two reasons: First, that "we (the people of Britain) cannot afford to add a single pound to national expenditure", and, second, that "this is an Imperial problem and other States under the Crown are concerned." The paper, therefore, suggests that other members of the Empire should also "accept responsibility", so that the military occupation of India shall be on behalf of the British Empire and she shall be the slave not only of Britain but also of the Dominions to be released from her bondage when, if at all, Australia, South Africa, Canada and New Zealand feel that their interests will not suffer thereby. We are grateful to the "Financial Times" for pointing out with brutal frankness this significant aspect of the "Self-Government" promised to India by Sir John Simon.

Unperturbed.

Mr. Baldwin proposes to smoke his pipe in peace. The advent of the Labour Party to political power has not disturbed his equanimity. He is as unruffled about it as in regard to the attempts of a powerful section of the Tory Press to oust him from the leadership of the Conservative Party. "Labour has come to stay", he told the Imperialist Press Conference in his survey of "England After the War" and the only thing that slightly disturbs his peace of mind is the "dole system" which he declares is "strained to the breaking point under pressure of the unprecedented unemployment." He did not say what the Tories proposed as a remedy for unemployment in preference to the dole system. Safeguarding, he knows, is an exploded political panacea. But what the Tories should do to regain political power is a matter which Mr. Neville Chamberlain is to decide. He must evolve something attractive out of his resourceful mind. Mr. Baldwin is perfectly willing to lead so long as others keep him in the leadership. He knows nobody else is available and acceptable to the majority of the Tories.

Waterproofs For Use Of Municipal Staff.

—:o:—

GIVE PREFERENCE TO SWADESHI OR CONTINENTAL GOODS.

QUESTION "NOT FEASIBLE," SAYS MR. DALAL.

The question of giving preference to the Swadeshi goods in the Bombay Municipality and failing that to use non-British goods came up for discussion in the meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation on Wednesday last. The question arose out of a letter to the Chairman of the Committee, addressed by Mr. K. C. Marrott, inviting attention to the fact that the Municipality had accepted a tender for supplying waterproof coats of English make for the use of the Municipal staff in spite of a resolution passed by the Corporation a few years back to the effect that preference should be given to products manufactured by continental concerns to those of British make.

Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavle moved that the letter be forwarded to the Commissioner for disposal.

Mr. Karanjawala moved an amendment that the attention of the Commissioner be drawn to Corporation resolution of 1923 and he be informed that the Standing Committee were of opinion that the recommendations contained in the resolution should in future be adhered to.

In moving the amendment, Mr. Karanjawala said that the executive of the Corporation were bound to respect and give effect to the resolution in question, and in the present case he thought that continental products in the absence of Indian-made articles of the same quality and cheapness as those tendered were available in the market.

Mr. A. R. Dalal, the Commissioner, explaining the Corporation resolution, said that it could not be literally carried out and Mr. Clayton himself, the then Commissioner, had made it clear that it was practically impossible to follow it. It was not the legal or bounden duty of the Commissioner to give effect to it and the Standing Committee as well as the Corporation were aware that the resolution was not being observed to the letter in practice.

Moreover, the Commissioner stated that in this case though tenders had been invited according to practice none were respect received in respect of articles of non-British make from the local firms. The suggestion of Mr. Karanjawala that he should leave out all the tenders received and go to the open market to see if waterproofs of other makes were available, did not strike him as reasonable or feasible.

Mr. G. N. Chandavarkar said that in the present case the Commissioner had no other option and the Standing Committee, after considering the tenders, had made their decision. If they passed the amendment of Mr. Karanjawala, it would be an infliction on the action of the Commissioner and the Committee.

The amendment was then put to the vote and resulted in a tie. The Chairman gave his casting vote against the amendment, which was therefore lost.

The proposition to forward the letter of Mr. Marrott to the Commissioner for disposal was then carried by a majority.

THE COTTON CRISIS.

Nothing To Do With Boycott Movement.

(From Our Commercial Correspondent).

According to a European Cotton broker, the depression in the trade started with the boycott of foreign cloth, writes "The Indian Daily Mail" under the caption "Cotton without a friend". This is an absurd statement and seems to have been made to discredit the movement for the boycott of foreign cloth. If the movement had anything to do with the present crisis, it ought to have increased the demand for Indian cotton as increased demand for Indian Mills cloth means more consumption of Indian raw cotton. While the actual state of thing is the reverse, so no one with common sense would believe in the statement. The European broker must remember that he cannot fool the cotton trade all time. If he is hurt by the boycott movement let him recall what his countrymen did to fight similar evils. He might be labouring under the delusion that owing to the boycott of foreign cloth, mills in Europe will not buy cotton or perhaps may repudiate their contracts and perhaps may have refused to honour contracts. India is selling cotton to-day to the world not at a fair price, but under cost of production and there is no artificial undue premium which the countrymen of European broker are forced to pay through their noses in buying American cotton where the interest of cotton growers are looked after by the Federal Farm Board. It is no use criticising an honest and much-needed movement as such vague criticisms will do no good to anybody.

CONGRESS-MILLOWNERS AGREEMENT.

No Increase Of Prices.

The following is the official text of the arrangement has been reached between Ahmedabad Millowners and the Congress through Pandit Motilal Nehru:—

The Millowners of Ahmedabad agree not to produce any cloth which may complete with Khadi as provided in the scheme of the Swadeshi Sabha or to use the term "Khadi" or any other indication to that effect on the cloth manufactured by them as detailed in a scheme hereto annexed and marked A and passed by a Committee of his Millowners of Ahmedabad. They agree to restrict the membership to Indian owned and Indian Managed concerns.

40 PER CENT. GOODS.

They further agree that under the scheme every Mill Company Member will render available to the Sabha for distribution to the consumers 40 per cent. of the goods of the current sorts produced in their respective mills at prices at which they were respectively sold on the 12th of March or as near thereafter as possible or at the current market rate whichever is lower for a period ending 31st October 1930. Reasonable prices shall be fixed for the future at the end of the said period. Current sorts to be made available should be as few as possible.

CONGRESS REPRESENTATION.

The Congress agrees to the constitution of the Sabha which is to consist of the representatives of the Millowners, representatives of the Mahajan who deal or agree to deal in Swadeshi cloth and co-opted members. Representatives of the Congress shall serve on the Sabha unless Mahatmaji directs otherwise.

The constitution of the Sabha will remain as in the draft scheme subject to the alterations by the Sabha save and except as to clauses 2 (2) and 4 thereof.

(Sd.) Chamanlal G. Parekh,
" Ambalal Sarabhai,
" Kasturbhai Lalbhai
" Sakarlal Balabhai,
" Narabhai Civanlal,
" Popatlal Harilal Nagri.

(Sd.) BHULABHAI J. DESAI,

Approved:

(Sd.) MOTILAL NEHRU.

SWADESHI SABHA.

The objects of the Swadeshi Sabha shall be:—

(a) to encourage and promote the production and distribution of Indian made piecegoods;

(b) to secure protection for "Khadi"—i.e., hand-spun and hand-woven cloth as hereinafter provided;

(c) to make arrangements for making Indian made piecegoods available to the consumer at reasonable rates;

(d) to take steps for maintaining and improving the quality of cloth;

1. The said Sabha shall consist of the following:—

Mill Companies, as well as ordinary partnership firms, owning or working textile mills or Factories.

Co-opted members not belonging to class (1), (3) and (4).

Mahajans or any other Associated bodies the majority of whose members deal or agree to deal in Indian made cloth.

Congress representatives

No member belonging to class (1) and (3) shall use or permit to be used "Khadi" stamp or give the name of "Khadi" to any cloth manufactured in a Mill.

No member belonging to class (1) shall manufacture in his Mills such cloth as may pass for "Khadi", i.e., hand-spun and hand-woven cloth.

No member belonging to class (1) shall make cloth of the following specification. Any cloth, grey bleached, warp and weft counts, 18's or less, plain weaves, one up and down, single or double drawn, single or double end weft, including checks plain weave, also those made on dropbox and circular box.

Eighteen counts shall include either single or multifold yarn, the count of which (multifold) comes to 18 or less.

No member shall use foreign yarn or silk in the manufacture of cloth, either in the body or in the border except that silk may be used for such purposes up to the end of August and only for the purpose of fulfilling contracts outstanding at the date of formation of this Sabha.

BOYCOTT OF FOREIGN CLOTH & LIQUOR.

Bandra's Response.

Mr. Baliwala, Joint Hon. Secretary Bombay Suburban District C. C. writes:—

The Swadeshi and the Prohibition movements are making a rapid progress in Bandra. Hundreds of residents including a large number of Christians, Mahomedans and Parsis have signed the Congress pledge not to purchase any foreign cloth at least for one year and to boycott all British goods. The local cloth merchants were also approached and they have stated themselves to be in favour of selling nothing but Swadeshi. A meeting of all the cloth dealers will soon be held to resolve against indenting any more foreign cloth.

The Prohibition movement is also in full swing. There are about 30 toddy shops in Bandra. But only half a dozen shop-keepers were present in the auction sale of toddy licenses that took place in Bandra recently. On inquiry we were told that 27 out of the 30 shop-keepers have decided to close their shops for good in response to the call of the Congress. There is complete unity amongst them and their leader assured us that there will not be a single drop of toddy available in Bandra from the month of August when the present licenses will have expired.

PARSI WHO MARRIED A RUSSIAN.

—:o:—

High Court To Await Decision Of French Court.

—:o:—

On a notice of motion by Mrs. Nina Dalal, the Russian wife of Mr. Merwanji P. Dalal, the suit in which Mrs. Dalal, the petitioner asked for the restitution of conjugal rights was called before the Hon. Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court to-day.

Mrs. Dalal's suit which was dismissed by Mr. Juustice Kemp was ordered subsequently by a full bench of the High Court to be heard on its merits.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah and Mr. M. C. Setalvad appeared for the defendant. On behalf of the petitioner, Mr. O'Gorman opposed the application.

Counsel argued that as the validity of the marriage was contested in the original defence, it would be to the interests of both parties to wait for the decision of the French Court to which the petitioner had applied for a declaration making the marriage null and void.

THE JUDGMENT.

His Lordship in his judgment observed: "It must be borne in mind that the courts here have no jurisdiction to entertain a suit regarding the validity or otherwise of a marriage unless that marriage was solemnised in India. It would, therefore, be impossible for the present respondent to obtain in India a declaration that his French marriage was null and void. Nevertheless, it would be open to him by way of defence to the petition for restitution of conjugal rights to satisfy this court that the French marriage was a nullity.

His Lordship was of opinion that it was highly undesirable in the circumstances of the case that the court should entertain any petition without having the benefit of the judgment of a competent French Tribunal. Although the judgment was not in any way binding on the court, it would help the court to consider the French law on the point.

His Lordship therefore ordened that the case should stand over until November 6 with a right to the petitioner to apply to the court in the meantime if she was in a position to satisfy the court that the defendant was not prosecuting his proceedings in Paris.

MR. REVANSHANKAR JAGJIVAN DEAD.

—:o:—

Well-known Jeweller & Congressman.

The death of the well-known local Javeri Sjt. Revashankar Jagjivan took place at his residence at Gamdevi, in Mani Bhuvan, early on Thursday morning. He was about 73 years of age and one of the staunchest followers and lifelong friend of Mahatma Gandhi. He was a Congress treasurer and treasurer of Tilak Swarajya Fund. Mahatma Gandhi whenever he visited Bombay used to put up with him. He was suffering from heart disease since the last few months but on Thursday his heart suddenly failed and he expired.

LIQUOR PICKETING AT CHEMBUR.

—:o:—

Five Arrests On Thursday.

—:o:—

(Through Satyagraha Camp, Vile Parle.)

VILE PARLE, June 26.

More arrests are made to-day at Chembur for picketing liquor shops of the five volunteers namely Sjt. Gopal B. Narkar, Sjt. Muralidhar A. Lodha, Sjt. Narayan Acharya, Keshava Y. Chemburkar and Nilkantha Ganpatrao.

It is to be noted that out of these five volunteers the first three are from Parle Camp and the latter two are local ones. Six more warrants, are pending. Mr. Narkar is the Captain of the Chembur Camp.

In spite of the arrests of the three leaders from Chembur, viz., Mr. J. A. Alli, Mr. V. N. Purav and Mr. R. H. Chemburkar, the work is progressing and going on vigorously.

ONE MORE ADMIRER OF CONGRESS HOSPITAL

—:o:—

Sir C. V. Mehta's Praise.

Sir C. V. Mehta, who visited the Congress Hospital this morning, has made the following remarks in the visitors' book:—

"I have visited this hospital or rather I should say this home, for the most distinguishing feature of this excellent medical institution is the loving care with which the unfortunate brave patients are treated and looked after. In spite of the most painful and severe injuries one is struck by the cheerful look on the faces of the inmates, young and old.

It would be presumptuous and a superrogation to express one's admiration for the devoted work of the many who have given their free and spontaneous services and of those in charge whose many labours are making the hospital so efficient."

ADVANCE KHADDAR.

—:o:—

Maharashtra Sangha's Efforts.

—:o:—

The Maharashtda Khadi Sangha has been trying to see that the energy and time spent by people in spinning in response to the Congress call are properly compensated by utilising the yarn produced by enthusiasts. The Sankha is now recognised by the Boycott Committee and is promised all help possible. The Sangha, therefore, proposes to deal with the handspun yarn as follows:—

1. Those who so desire should give their yarn as donation to the Sangha and take a receipt for the same.

2. Arrangements will be made to weave provided those who want cloth give handspun yarn enough for at least one piece of cloth.

3. Arrangements will be made to produce Khaddar from hand-spun yarn given by four or five individual collectively provided the yarn is of uniform quality.

3. It will be right for everyone to be ambitious enough to have one's cloth woven out of one's handspun yarn, but if it is not possible handspun yarn will be purchased at reasonable price for sometime, provided the yarn is even and strong and not less than half a pound and not more than one pound.

Yarn will be received at the following places:—

1. Mr. B. G. Joglekar c/o Navakal Club, Sheth Mahal, 1st floor, Girgaum corner (7-30 to 9 a.m.) (2) Mr. K. M. Tamhankar, Khota's Wadi, Chandhari Building, Bombay No. 4 (8 to 10 a.m) (3) Hind Mahila Samaj (for ladies only) Dhun Mansion, Bhatwadi (2 to 4 p.m.- (4) Mr. B. V. Varekar, Dadabhai Manzil, Congress House, Bombay No. 4 (up to 9 a.m.) (5) Srimati Devibai Trashikar (for ladies only) Dadabhai Manzil, Bombay No. 4. (6) Mr. Shante Gordhandas, Medical College, Room No. 44, Parel (7 to 9 a.m.) (7) Mr. Shridhar Yeswant Kulkarni, Khetwadi Venkatesh-war Building, Room No. 48, top floor, Bombay No. 4 (6 to 10 a.m.) (8) Mr. V. M. Chanda Rana, Gaijiwadi, Panjrapole New Chawl, Third Floor, Room No. 29, Fanaswadi (7 to 9 a.m.) (9) Mr. Ramchandra Vishnu Ranade, 9 Mohomrati Building, Kandewadi. (10) Mr. Balkrishna Pandurang Patil, 17 Borbhat Lane, Bombay No. 4 up to 8 a.m.) (11) Mr. V. Y. Rishbud and Gajanan Ramchandra Tillu, Shastri Hall, Dwarka Chawl, (up to 10 a.m. and 5 to 6 p.m.) (12) Mr. Raghunath Pandurang Hede, 25 Yamuna Chawl, Tara Temple Lane, Lamington Road, (13) Mr. Vinayak Mangesn Gaytonde, Tarachand Navalchand Building, 1st floor, Tadwadi, Chira Bazar, Bombay No. 2 (9 to 10 a.m.)

MONEY MARKET.

—:o:—

Exchange Quotations.

Bombay, June 26.

B. C. RATE:
T. T. 1|5 25|32.
B. C. RATE:
D. D. 1|5 13|16.
LONDON BANKS:
Selling T. T. 1|5 13|16 15th July.
Selling D. D. 1|5 27|32
Selling T. T. 1|5 25|32 16-31 July
Buying T. T. 1|5 27|32.
Buying D. D. 1|5 7|8 Mail.
Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 1|32 June.
Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 July.Aug.
NEW YORK BANKS:
New York B. C. Rate T. T. 278 .
Selling T. T. 277 1|2.
BANKS:
Buying T. T. 276 1|4.
PARIS:
Selling D. D. 916.
Buying D. D. 926.
Buying 3 Mos. 940.
JAPAN:.
Selling T. T. 137 1|4
Buying 60 Days 134 3|4.
HONGKONG:
Selling D. D. 86 1|2.
SHANGHAI
Selling D. D. 101 1|2.
SINGAPORE:
Selling D. D. 156 1|4.
JAVA:
Selling D. D. 89 3|8.
CROSS RATE:
New York|London 4.86 25th int.
Shanghai|London 1|5 3|4 26th inst.
Japan|London 2|0 13|32 25th inst.
London|Paris 123.75 25th inst.
London|Belgium 34.820 25th inst.
London|Switzerland 25.07 1|2 25th inst.
London|Italy 92.75 25th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £4-5-0 1|4 24th inst. £4-4-11 1|4 25th inst.
Silver London Ready 15 7|8 24th inst. 15 9|16 25th inst.
Silver London Forward 15 1|4 24th inst. 15 3|8 25th inst.
Silver New York Ready 33 11|16 24th inst. 33 7|8 25th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos. 2 3|8 per cent 24 th inst. 2 9|32 per cent 25th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos. 2 9|32 per cent 24th inst. 2 17|32 per cent. 25th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 6 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 3 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 4 1|2 per. cent. 3 Mos. 4 1|2 per cent. 6 Mos. 4 per cent. 12 Mos. 4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, June 26.

3 Months Discounts 2 9|32 per cent.
6 Months Discounts 2 17|32 per cent.
Bank of England rate 3 per cent.
Call Money 4 3|4 per cent.
One Month 4 1|2 per cent.
Three Months 4 per cent.
Six Months 3 1|2 per cent.
Tone of Money Market—Steady.
Imperial Bank of India Rate 6 per cent.

Tone of Silver:—Quiet. Advance is due to small offerings.

MADRAS SATYAGRAHIS JAILED.

Madras, June 23.—Sjt. Thyagarajasiram was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment to-day for causing disaffection among the Police force.

Eleven Satyagrahi Volunteers who came from Colombo defied the order under Section 144 last evening. Four of them were arrested at the Tilak Ghat, and four at the, People's park and three others who spoke (at Loane Square meeting were arrested and taken away by the Police who left them off near Thiruvattiyur. It is reported that they were roughly handled by the Police.

Latest Cotton Prices.

—:o:—

(Through the Cotton Information Bureau 381, Ismail Building 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay).

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NEW YORK MARKET.

—:o:—

OCTOBER.

New York, June 26.

Previous closing rate 13.01
To-day's opening rate ... 13.15
Difference ..... plus .14
To-day's closing rate 13,38
Difference ..... plus .37
Broach expectation J-A Rs. 215
Broach expectation A-M Rs. 241

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, June 26.

Previous closing rate 6.82
To-day's opening rate 6.90
Difference, ... plus .08
To-day's closing rate 6.94
Difference ..... plus .12

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

London, June 26.

Silver ready 15 8 0
Higher 0 1 0
Silver forward 15 5 0
Higher 0 1 0
Tone of market:—India sold.

BOMBAY PRICES.

Bombay, June 26

Without Duty 44 15 0

"Sale Of British Goods At Point Of Bayonets."

"THEY WILL SOW DEEP THE SEEDS OF HATRED."

COTTON BROKERS DEFINE OBJECT OF NEW ORDINANCES.

A meeting of the Cotton Brokers' Association was held at Marwadi Bazaar at 12 noon to-day under the presidenly of Mr. Anadilal Podar. Discussion centred round the Viceroy's new ordinance about picketing. Several speakers were of the opinion the ordinance was promulgated only with a view to benefit the foreigners. The following resolutions were passed:—

"This meeting of the members of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association strongly condemns the last two Ordinances, namely, the prevention of Intimidation Ordinance and the unlawful Instigation Ordinance promulgated by the Governor-General on 30th May 1930.

"The statement issued by the Government justifying the Ordinance contain allegations which are misleading, erroneous and far from the truth.. The Ordinances directly belie the high professions of the Viceroy and the Secretary of State regarding their desire to promote indigenous industries and clearly indicate that the Government desire the sale of British goods at the point of bayonets against the determined wishes of the people.

"The Ordinances in the opinion of the meeting interfere with the civic liberties of the people, as they take away from them their birth right of preventing their ignorant brethren by way of peaceful picketing a method universally acknowledged as a legitimate one by all the civilised nations of the world—to abstain from the curse of drinking and to abstain from using foreign goods which drains away the wealth of the country and bleeds them white.

"This meeting strongly condemns the Ordinances because they confer unlimited powers on the Police who have made themselves notorious by their repeated excessive repression.

"This meeting further opines that the Ordinances will never serve the purpose for which they are designed; on the contrary they will sow deep the seeds of hatred which would be impossible to root out even after a political settlement.

Hence this meeting recommends to the Government that they should repeal the Ordinances immidiately.

"That in persuance of the resolution passed by the 'Moombain Vepari Sansthaone Mahamandal' no Indian should keep any deposit with the British Banks from the 1st of July 1930

AMALGAMATION OF IMPROVEMENT TRUST WITH MUNICIPALITY.

Motion Of "Disappointment" With Govt. Passed.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation on Thursday once again emphasised the necessity of an early amalgamation of the Improvement Trust to the Bombay Municiplity and resolved to send a representation to the Government accordingly.

Dr. A. G. Vlegas moved: "That the Corporation are greatly disappointed that the conference between the Government and the Municipal representatives for the amalgamation of the Improvement Trust with the Municipality which, it was widely believed, would be held in January of the current year has not been held even after the prorogument of the Legislative Council and even upto the end of May 1930.

That Government be informed that if the delay is due to absence of any information which can be supplied by the Corporation or the Improvement Trust Board, the Corporation would take the necessary steps to it's being expeditiously supplied.

That the President be requested to communicate this Resolution to Government".

DELAY OF ONLY THREE YEARS.

Dr. Vlegas pointed out that more than three years had passed since the Corporation passed a resolution requesting Government to amalgamate the Improvement Trust with the Municipality but so far no effect was given to that resolution with the result that the Trust's debts had piled up and deficit had increased every year.

Sir V. A. Dabholkar opposing the resolution said that it was better to ask the Municipal Commissioner and the Chief Officer of the Improvement Trust as to how far they had progressed in the matter and whether all the information required by Government was supplied to them.

Mr. M. N. Talpade moved an amendment to delete the second paragraph. The Corporation passed the resolution in the amended form.

DEPOSIT OF RS. 250.

The Corporation then considered the report of the Law, Procedure and Elections Rules Committee regarding a draft Bill to amend the Municipal Act of 1888. Section 26 of this Bill stated:

On or before the date appointed for the nomination of candidates for a ward election or for election by co-option each candidate for election or co-option, as the case may be shall deposit or cause to be deposited with the Commissioner the sum of two hundred and fifty rupees in cash or in Government Promissory Notes of equal value at the market rate of the day and no candidate shall be deemed to be duly nominated unless such deposit has been made.

If a candidate is not elected and if, in the case of an election by co-option, he fails to secure any first vote, or in the case of a ward election, if the number of valid votes polled by him does not exceed one-eighth of the total number of valid votes polled divided by the number of councillors to be elected in the ward for which the candidate is nominated, the deposit shall be forfeited to the Corporation.

Mr. J. B. Boman Behram moved to adopt the report and to send it to the Government for the approval of the Legislative Council.

Mr. P. B. Wadke moved an amendment to delete the clause relating to the deposit as he said it would impose hardship upon those candidates who were poor.

Dr. M. C. Javle opposed the amendment and said the clause relating to deposit was put after due consideration in the Corporation. It was inserted to check the mal-practice of bogus candidates who got in the election campaign only to make some money.

Mr. P. G. Sarasrabudhe moved another amendment to reduce the deposit to Rs. 100.

The Corporation however rejected both the amendments and ageed to the original report.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

3 1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 65|4.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 90|10.
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 89|10.
4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 76|2.
4 1|2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 95|4.
4 1|2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 87.
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 95|6.
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 97|9
5 per cent Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 96-4.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100|4.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 101|4.
6 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 100|4.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 101|7.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 102|8.
6 1|2 per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 105.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 75.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 73|12.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 73|12.
5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 90|14.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 103|12.
Forward Rates 2nd July Settlement 5 per cent. 1945-55 Rs. 101-3-0
3 1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 55-3-0.
Tone of Market:—Steady. 3 1|2 per cent paper in Demand.

STOCKS AND SHARES.

SAGGING TENDENCY OF PRICES.

Weak Long Liquidation.

Bombay, June 26.

The Stock Exchange opened with a steadier tone and some short covering hardened prices. The improvement was not maintained as improved prices attracted weak long liquidation. This action on the part of operators resulted in a sagging tendency of values and prices closed somewhat under previous closing.

Sensational decline in cotton and its subsequent effect on the general trade is viewed with seriousness. Large losses to Indian merchants in the present stringent condition of money market are feared to result in undesirable consequences. The economic condition of the country is ruined beyond repairs and it appears that a grave situation with numerous failures is the inevitable end of the situation. Under such a state operators are likely to keep small open interest. Except one scrip Fazal all shares declined. It is said that some interested bulls are giving constant support to Fazal shares and only as a result of this speculative support Fazal prices are keeping firm otherwise there is nothing extraordinary behind the steadiness. Bombay Burmas were rather steady but Tata Hydros ruled weak. Tata Steel shares ruled quiet but steady. Business in Defds. looks like going out and ordinary shares witnessed some selling pressure. Cement shares ruled rather steady with a small business.

Looking to the general situation and high rate of interest and contractions of currency there seems no sound reason for any material improvement in prices. We may see sharp rallies but it will be difficult to sustain them. We advise sales on all strong markets as the tendency of values throughout the world is downward.

Silver and all commodities have declined materially and mounting declines in Wall Street reminds us that we shall have also to see pre-war levels.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

Bombay Dyeing 731, 40, 20, 27.
Century 266, 72, 62, 66.
Colaba 18, 18-2.
Crescent 87.
Fazul 457, 67, 58, 63.
Indore 363, 62.
Madhowji N. 37.
Nagpur 137, 38, 35.
New Great 170, 71, 61, 62.
Pearl 241, 36, 38.
Simplex 69, 65, 60.
Swadeshi 341, 40, 41, 30.
Burma 632, 23, 23.
Hydro 1123, 25, 15.
Tram 128, 26.
Defl. 295, 98-2.
Ord. 43-8, 44-8, 43-12.
Bundi 14-10.
Indian 227, 23.
Katni Ord. N. 173.
Alcock 215, 13.

SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS

Last Closing Quotation, Bombay, June 26.

	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad-Advance	100	340
Apollo	50	4-
Assur Veerjee	5	1
Barsi	250	125
Berar Manufacturing	100	136-4
Bharat	150	60-10
Bombay Cotton	500	150
Bombay Dyeing	250	727-8
Bombay Industrial	5	2-8
Bradbury	250	150
Broach Fine Counts	250	30
Century	100	266-4
Central India	100	435
Ceylon	100	25
Colaba Land and Mill	100	118-2
Coorla	100	200
Crescent	100	87-8
Currimbhoy	250	90
David	250a	150
Dawn	250	550
E. D. Sassoon United Drd.	10	0-6-0
Ebrahidm Pabaney	250	136-4
Edward Sassoon	250	70
Elphinstone	100	7
Fazulbhoy	250	465
Finlay	100	115
Framjee Petit	1,000	120
Gokak	100	145
Gold Mohur	100	50
Hindustan	1,000	1700
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	117-8
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	1125
Indore Malwa	100	362- 8
Jamshed	25	18
Jam Ranjit Singhji	1,000	1595
Kasturchand	50	9-12
Khandesh	1,000	2300
Khatau Makanjed	100	96-4
Kohinoor	100	138-12
Lakshmi Cotton	250	1285
Madhowji Dharamsi	100	35
Madras United	250	400
Maneckjee Petit	1,000	900
Meyer Sassoon	100	50
Minerva	100	70
Mysore	50	132-8
Morarji Goculdas	1,000	650
Model Mills, Nagpur	250	107-8
New City of Bombay	100	62.- 8
New Great Eastern	200	162-8
Osmanshahi	75	62-2
Pearl	250	238-12
Phoenix	100	347-8
Sassoon Cotton	10	8
Sassoon and Alliance Silk	50	71
Sholapur	1,000	1550
Simplex	250	60-10
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	6-12
Swadeshi	100	336-4
Sawn	100	110
Satya Mill Ld.	100	130
Tata Mill Ld.	25	40
Vishnu Cotton	500	2100
Western Indian Spinning	1,000	880

BANKS.

Banks of India	50	85-8
Baroda	50	69-8
Central	25	15-12
Eastern	£5	78
Imperial	500	1285
Imperial Contributory	125	318-12
P. and O. Bank	£10	125
Union	5	3- 5

CEMENT & MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland	10	14-10
Central India Mining	10	1-8
Gwallor Cement	70	78
Indian Cement	250	223-12
Katni Cement	100	170
Deferred	40	700
Punjab Cement	10	10
Shahabad Cement	10	142-8
Shivrajpur	10	10
United Cement	100	58

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prantej	500	807-8
Amritsar Pattdi	100	112
Central Provinces	100	87
Dhond Baramati	100	90
Gujerat	100	73
Hoshiarpur Doab	100	72
Larkhana	100	88
Mandra Bhon	90	59-8
Mymen Singh	100	84-4
Pachora Jamner	100	72
Sara Sirajgunj	100	72-8
Sialkot Narrowal	100	90
Sind Light	29	62-8
Tapty Valley	500	677-8
Upper Sind	100	71

ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.

Ahmedabad Electric	100	125
Andhra Valley Ord.	1,000	617-8
Bombay Tramway Ordy.	1,000	126-4
Tata Hydro Electric Ordy.	1,000	1115
Tata Power Ordy.	1,000	513-12
Karachi Electric	100	156-4
Poona Electric	100	160
Surat Electric Ordy.	100	127-8

PRESS COMPANIES.

Fort	475	130
Harvey and Sabapathy	500	1150
Indian Cotton	125	196-4
Manmad Manufacturing	250	270
New Berar	500	800
New Mofussil	400	300
New Prince of Wales	500	400
Volkart U. P.	500	480

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

B. I. G. Insurance	10	3-8
Bombay Life Assurance	20	34
Empire of India Life	125	1750
Industrial & Prudential	6	3-4
Jupiter General Insu.	15	3 -8
New India Assurance	15	17-10
Oriental Government Security Life	150	1850
Vulcan	10	7

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	100	213-12
Attock Oil	½1	22
Belapur Co.	50	10
Bombay Safe Deposit	200	602-8
Bombay Steam Co. Ordy.	250	182-8
Bombay Uganda	80	20
B. Burma T. Corporation	125	628-12
Do. Contributory	50	243-2
British Burma Petroleum	8s.	3-6
Burma Corporation	10	7-12
Bombay Telephones	50	51-12
Indian Radio Telegraph	100	270
„ „ „ Drd.	100	265
Jost Engineering	50	180
Kemp	200	195
Mackenzie Saw Mills	100	85
Okha Salt works	10	6
Port Canning	1,000	555
Scindia Steam	15	8
Tata Construction	30	32
Tata Iron (Ordinary)	75	43-12
Tata (deferred)	30	298-12
Andhra Valley	1,000	990
Bombay Cotton Mills	10	5-8
Bombay Steam	250	201 -4
Bombay Tramways	50	63-12
Bradbury Mills	250	150
Central India Mills	500	455
Elphinstone Spg.	100	25
Jupiter Insurance Co.	10	10
Katni First Pref.	100	100
Katni Sec. Pref.	100	105
Madhawji Mills	250	65
Marsland Price Co.	100	80
New Great Eastern	200	160
Punjab Cement	10	10
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	10N
Tata Hidro	1,000	1052-8

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

—:o:—

Unfavourable Weather And Short Covering

CESSATION OF SELLING PRESSURE.

Bombay, June 26.

Large selling orders from Bombay were responsible for the decline during the early part of the session on the New York Cotton Exchange yesterday. However later on prices rallied on short covering influence by unfavourable weather forecast. Towards the close there was some relapse and the market closed at a net rise of 20 to 2 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 20 points to 13.45c.

The New Orleans cotton futures market ruled steady and closed at a rise of 29 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 27 points to 12.63c.

The weekly Government weather report was construed favourable which stated as under:—

The weather has been mostly favourable for the cotton crop and that cultivation has made good advance. Rain is needed however, especially for the late planted in some of the Central sections of the Belt.

Ready acceptance of July notices imparted good strength in spot cotton prices and July delivery which record better improvement over new crop months. The long interest is well liquidated and the existence of a fairly large short interest render the technical situation strong. However the market entirely depends upon weather reports. In the meantime private estimates on the acreage under cotton cultivation are likely to be issued in the near future which will christalize general sentiment to some extent. We are drawing near the critical period for the growing cotton crop and it appears that the Bears will not venture to keep on enlarging their short interest as a sudden change in weather is bound to cause scarcity of contracts.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 7 to 8 points, but scattered buying orders in a narrow market caused steadiness. The market closed at a rise of 5 to 6 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 17 points to 7.47 and sales were 2,000 bales.

Empire cotton futures ruled quiet and closed at a decline of 5 points while Egyptian prices closed at a rise of 7 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest 13.21 (2-43 p.m.); Lowest 13.00 (11-17 a.m.).

Grunning:—"Weather conditions during the past week have been favourable. Short interest has increased. Long interest appears to be pretty well liquidated. Our opinion is that technical position of the market is steady."

Liverpool:—"Weather mainly good. Central Belt needs rain."

Reuter:—"Market early declined on pressure of selling, but rallied later on less favourable weather and covering by shorts."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 25.

July	13.33 plus .20
October	13.01 plus .02
December	13.19 plus .06
January	13.16 plus .02
Middling Spot	13.45 plus .20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 25.

July	13.03 plus .29
October	12.79 plus .07
Middling Spot	12.63 plus .27

NEW YORK.

New York, June 25.

New York, 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time):—

July	13.06
October	12.99
October, (New Contract)	12.67

New York, 11-45 a.m.:—

July	13.04
October	12.92
October, (New Contract)	12.62

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, June 25.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 5,000 Bales.

Day's Exports to Great Britain 4,000 Bales.

Day's Exports to the Continent Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, June 25.

Sales at Liverpool 2,000 Bales.
Sales on Speculation 100 Bales.
Sales of East Indian Cotton 150 Bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, June 25.

	Opening.	Closing.
June		7.04 —.06
July	6.98	6.99 —.06
August		6.90 —.05
September		6.56 —.05
October	6.81	6.82 —.05
November		6.81 —.06
December		6.83 —.06
January	6.85	6.85 —.06
February		6.89 —.06
March	6.92	6.93 —.06
April		6.95 —.07
May	6.98	6.99 —.06
June		7.01 —.06
Middling Spot		7.47 —.17

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

Owing to a meeting of Cotton Brokers the market opened to-day at 2 p.m. with Broach J/A. delivery at Rs. 203/. There was good covering demand and prices soon improved to Rs. 207/ when appearance of long liquidation checked the rise. The selling pressure increased and prices receded to Rs. 205/ Liverpool opening cables were steady and the market improved. Steadier advices from Liverpool helped the rise when Broach J/A. reached Rs. 210/4 and A/M Rs. 237. At this level there was slight reaction on Jobbers selling and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A 209/8.
Broach A/M 235/8.
Oomra July 160/8.
Oomra D/J 190.
Bengal July 143.
Bengal D/J 167.

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Osaka, June 26.

June	110.50 plus 8.20
Sept.	115.10 plus 3.60
Dec.	116.50 plus 3.50

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

Broach	203/210
Oomra.	
Bengal	142/148
Mathia	144/152
Khandesh	148/152
Akola/Khamgaon	152/158
Nagpur/Wardha	160/170
Barsi/Kurduwadi	150/154
Jalna/Aurangabad	150/154
Nagar/Vambori	148/152
Purna/Parbani	150/160
Khandwa/Sanavad	152/158
Indore Ujjain	160/180
Mirai/Sangli	235/235
Coompta	230/240
Tirupur/Cambodia	282/295

READY COTTON SALES.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

50	Volkart Bros. Shegaon old	75
50	Do. Shegaon	152
115	B. Karshandas Khamgaon	161-1/2
100	Do. Nandura	157
100	Japan T. & Co. Hansi	139
100	Do. Govindgarh	139
120	P. Crystal & Co. Khurja	140
100	Do. Khamgaon	157-1/2
100	Forbes & Co. Khurja	141

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

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RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, June 26. Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	This year
Khandesh		193,337
Central India	339	402,277
Barsi and Nagar	124	260,280
Hyderabad-Gaorani	66	91,057
Berar	1,836	721,462
Central Provinces	276	403,614
Total Oomras	2,041	2,172,527
Dholera	102	193,928
N.-W. Provinces		138,614
Rajputana	306	55,763
Sind-Punjab		151,079
Broach	79	232,766
Coompta & Dharwar	2,071	135,259
Westerns-Northerns	615	58,806
Cocoanada		102
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	224	34,592
Persian		655
American		11,348
Egyptian and African	3,623	99,039
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		815
Total	9,730	3,335,823

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, June 26. 1st Sept. to 19th June.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	This year
Europe	5,751	773,073
Japan & China	500	1,344,051
Coast Ports	400	20,398
Up-country by Rail		93,565
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		21,836
Total	6,351	2,258,523

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 25.

Scinde, Fully Good	4.00
Scinde, Fine	4.25
Scinde, Superfine	4.50
Bengal, Good	3.75
Bengal, Fully Good	4.00
Bengal, Fine	4.25
Oomra, Good	4.00
Oomra, Fully Good	4.30
Oomra, Fine	4.60
Broach, Fully Good	4.95
Broach, Fine	5.20
Broach, Superfine	5.45

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 25.

July	11.25
November	11.20
December	11.26
January	11.31
March	11.46
May	11.56
Sakells, F.G.F. Spot	12.35

LONDON SILVER.

London, June 26.

Silver:—Market is quiet.

Spot	15-9/16
Forward	15-3/8

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, June 25.

July close at 6s. 10-3/4d. —1-5/8d.
Oct. close at 7s. 0-5/8d. —1-3/8d.
Dec. close at 7s. 2-1/8d. —1-1/8d.

WHEAT CABLE.

"Think market low enough to commence scale down buying."

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, June 26.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard, No. 25, C & F Calcutta:—
July-Sept. per cwt. 8/3-3/4.
Oct.-Dec. per cwt. 8/3-3/4.
C & F Bombay:—
July-Sept. per cwt. 8/4-3/4.
C & F Karachi:—
Oct-Dec. per cwt. 8/4-3/4.

LONDON GOLD.

London, June 26.

Bar Gold, fine per oz. £4-4-11-1/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE.

London, June 26.

Interest, Day to Day Loans 1-1/2 per cent.
Interest, 7 Day Market Loans 2 per cent.
Bank Bills, 3 months 2-9/32 per cent.
Bank Bills, 6 months 2-17/32 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 3-1/4 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months 3-3/4 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, June 26.

TT London on Berlin	20.38-5/8
TT London on Amsterdam	12.09-1/4
TT London on Brussels	34.82
TT London on Madrid	42.25
TT London on Milan	92.77
TT London on Berne	25.07
TT London on Paris	123.77
TT London on Prague	163.75

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 26.

Chartered Bank of I. A. & C. £16-3/4.
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, (London Register) £105-1/2.
National Bank of India £42-3/4.
Funding Loan 4 per cent £89-5/8.
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent £77-5/8.
Indian Loan 5-1/2 per cent £99-3/4.
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent £46-1/2.
Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £53.
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent Sterling Loan £61-3/4.
Consols 2-1/2 per cent £54-7/8.
War Loans 5 per cent £102-7/8.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £94-3/8.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, June 25.

Demand Bills 435.78

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.

London, June 26.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 62-1/2 lb. Cargoes:—
Sellers June-July 35/-.
Barletta Russo, per 62-1/2 lb. Cargoes:—
Sellers June-July 34/6.
Wheat, South Australian Parcels:
Sellers June-July 37/-.
Wheat, Choice White Karachi, Parcels:—
Sellers June 36/3.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, June 26.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed lb. Spot Sellers 6-1/8.

WHEAT CHICAGO MARKET.

July per bushel Dols. 88-5/8 up 3/8.
Sept. per bushel Dols. 92-1/8 up 1/2.
Dec. per bushel Dols. 97-3/8 up 1/2.

ARGENTINE LINSEED QUOTATIONS.

August 18.62 —35.
September 17.73.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, June 26.

Coffee, Fair Rio, No. 7 Quality, Spot 9.

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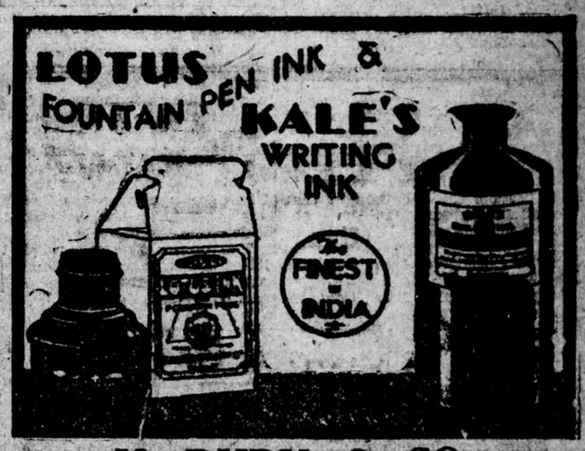

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Waterproofs For Use Of Municipal Staff.

—:o:—

GIVE PREFERENCE TO SWADESHI OR CONTINENTAL GOODS.

QUESTION "NOT FEASIBLE," SAYS MR. DALAL.

The question of giving preference to the Swadeshi goods in the Bombay Municipality and failing that to use non-British goods came up for discussion in the meeting of the Standing Committee of the Bombay Municipal Corporation on Wednesday last. The question arose out of a letter to the Chairman of the Committee, addressed by Mr. K. C. Marrott, inviting attention to the fact that the Municipality had accepted a tender for supplying waterproof coats of English make for the use of the Municipal staff in spite of a resolution passed by the Corporation a few years back to the effect that preference should be given to products manufactured by continental concerns to those of British make.

Rao Bahadur R. S. Asavle moved that the letter be forwarded to the Commissioner for disposal.

Mr. Karanjawala moved an amendment that the attention of the Commissioner be drawn to Corporation resolution of 1923 and he be informed that the Standing Committee were of opinion that the recommendations contained in the resolution should in future be adhered to.

In moving the amendment, Mr. Karanjawala said that the executive of the Corporation were bound to respect and give effect to the resolution in question, and in the present case he thought that continental products in the absence of Indian-made articles of the same quality and cheapness as those tendered were available in the market.

Mr. A. R. Dalal, the Commissioner, explaining the Corporation resolution, said that it could not be literally carried out and Mr. Clayton himself, the then Commissioner, had made it clear that it was practically impossible to follow it. It was not the legal or bounden duty of the Commissioner to give effect to it and the Standing Committee as well as the Corporation were aware that the resolution was not being observed to the letter in practice.

Moreover, the Commissioner stated that in this case though tenders had been invited according to practice none were respect received in respect of articles of non-British make from the local firms. The suggestion of Mr. Karanjawala that he should leave out all the tenders received and go to the open market to see if waterproofs of other makes were available, did not strike him as reasonable or feasible.

Mr. G. N. Chandavarkar said that in the present case the Commissioner had no other option and the Standing Committee, after considering the tenders, had made their decision. If they passed the amendment of Mr. Karanjawala, it would be an infliction on the action of the Commissioner and the Committee.

The amendment was then put to the vote and resulted in a tie. The Chairman gave his casting vote against the amendment, which was therefore lost.

The proposition to forward the letter of Mr. Marrott to the Commissioner for disposal was then carried by a majority.

THE COTTON CRISIS.

Nothing To Do With Boycott Movement.

(From Our Commercial Correspondent).

According to a European Cotton broker, the depression in the trade started with the boycott of foreign cloth, writes "The Indian Daily Mail" under the caption "Cotton without a friend". This is an absurd statement and seems to have been made to discredit the movement for the boycott of foreign cloth. If the movement had anything to do with the present crisis, it ought to have increased the demand for Indian cotton as increased demand for Indian Mills cloth means more consumption of Indian raw cotton. While the actual state of thing is the reverse, so no one with common sense would believe in the statement. The European broker must remember that he cannot fool the cotton trade all time. If he is hurt by the boycott movement let him recall what his countrymen did to fight similar evils. He might be labouring under the delusion that owing to the boycott of foreign cloth, mills in Europe will not buy cotton or perhaps may repudiate their contracts and perhaps may have refused to honour contracts. India is selling cotton to-day to the world not at a fair price, but under cost of production and there is no artificial undue premium which the countrymen of European broker are forced to pay through their noses in buying American cotton where the interest of cotton growers are looked after by the Federal Farm Board. It is no use criticising an honest and much-needed movement as such vague criticisms will do no good to anybody.

CONGRESS-MILLOWNERS AGREEMENT.

No Increase Of Prices.

The following is the official text of the arrangement has been reached between Ahmedabad Millowners and the Congress through Pandit Motilal Nehru:—

The Millowners of Ahmedabad agree not to produce any cloth which may complete with Khadi as provided in the scheme of the Swadeshi Sabha or to use the term "Khadi" or any other indication to that effect on the cloth manufactured by them as detailed in a scheme hereto annexed and marked A and passed by a Committee of his Millowners of Ahmedabad. They agree to restrict the membership to Indian owned and Indian Managed concerns.

40 PER CENT. GOODS.

They further agree that under the scheme every Mill Company Member will render available to the Sabha for distribution to the consumers 40 per cent. of the goods of the current sorts produced in their respective mills at prices at which they were respectively sold on the 12th of March or as near thereafter as possible or at the current market rate whichever is lower for a period ending 31st October 1930. Reasonable prices shall be fixed for the future at the end of the said period. Current sorts to be made available should be as few as possible.

CONGRESS REPRESENTATION.

The Congress agrees to the constitution of the Sabha which is to consist of the representatives of the Millowners, representatives of the Mahajan who deal or agree to deal in Swadeshi cloth and co-opted members. Representatives of the Congress shall serve on the Sabha unless Mahatmaji directs otherwise.

The constitution of the Sabha will remain as in the draft scheme subject to the alterations by the Sabha save and except as to clauses 2 (2) and 4 thereof.

(Sd.) Chamanlal G. Parekh,
" Ambalal Sarabhai,
" Kasturbhai Lalbhai
" Sakarlal Balabhai,
" Narabhai Civanlal,
" Popatlal Harilal Nagri.

(Sd.) BHULABHAI J. DESAI.

Approved:

(Sd.) MOTILAL NEHRU.

SWADESHI SABHA.

The objects of the Swadeshi Sabha shall be:—

(a) to encourage and promote the production and distribution of Indian made piecegoods;

(b) to secure protection for "Khadi"—i.e., hand-spun and hand-woven cloth as hereinafter provided;

(c) to make arrangements for making Indian made piecegoods available to the consumer at reasonable rates;

(d) to take steps for maintaining and improving the quality of cloth;

1. The said Sabha shall consist of the following:—

Mill Companies, as well as ordinary partnership firms, owning or working textile mills or Factories.

Co-opted members not belonging to class (1), (3) and (4).

Mahajans or any other Associated bodies the majority of whose members deal or agree to deal in Indian made cloth.

Congress representatives

No member belonging to class (1) and (3) shall use or permit to be used "Khadi" stamp or give the name of "Khadi" to any cloth manufactured in a Mill.

No member belonging to class (1) shall manufacture in his Mills such cloth as may pass for "Khadi", i.e., hand-spun and hand-woven cloth.

No member belonging to class (1) shall make cloth of the following specification. Any cloth, grey bleached, warp and weft counts, 18's or less, plain weaves, one up and down, single or double drawn, single or double end weft, including checks plain weave, also those made on dropbox and circular box.

Eighteen counts shall include either single or multifold yarn, the count of which (multifold) comes to 18 or less.

No member shall use foreign yarn or silk in the manufacture of cloth, either in the body or in the border except that silk may be used for such purposes up to the end of August and only for the purpose of fulfilling contracts outstanding at the date of formation of this Sabha.

PARSI WHO MARRIED A RUSSIAN.

—:o:—

High Court To Await Decision Of French Court.

—:o:—

On a notice of motion by Mrs. Nina Dalal, the Russian wife of Mr. Merwanji P. Dalal, the suit in which Mrs. Dalal, the petitioner asked for the restitution of conjugal rights was called before the Hon. Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court to-day.

Mrs. Dalal's suit which was dismissed by Mr. Juustice Kemp was ordered subsequently by a full bench of the High Court to be heard on its merits.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah and Mr. M. C. Setalvad appeared for the defendant. On behalf of the petitioner, Mr. O'Gorman opposed the application.

Counsel argued that as the validity of the marriage was contested in the original defence, it would be to the interests of both parties to wait for the decision of the French Court to which the petitioner had applied for a declaration making the marriage null and void.

THE JUDGMENT.

His Lordship in his judgment observed: "It must be borne in mind that the courts here have no jurisdiction to entertain a suit regarding the validity or otherwise of a marriage unless that marriage was solemnised in India. It would, therefore, be impossible for the present respondent to obtain in India a declaration that his French marriage was null and void. Nevertheless, it would be open to him by way of defence to the petition for restitution of conjugal rights to satisfy this court that the French marriage was a nullity.

His Lordship was of opinion that it was highly undesirable in the circumstances of the case that the court should entertain any petition without having the benefit of the judgment of a competent French Tribunal. Although the judgment was not in any way binding on the court, it would help the court to consider the French law on the point.

His Lordship therefore ordened that the case should stand over until November 6 with a right to the petitioner to apply to the court in the meantime if she was in a position to satisfy the court that the defendant was not prosecuting his proceedings in Paris.

MR. REVANSHANKAR JAGJIVAN DEAD.

—:o:—

Well-known Jeweller & Congressman.

The death of the well-known local Javeri Sjt. Revashankar Jagjivan took place at his residence at, Gamdevi, in Mani Bhuvan, early on Thursday morning. He was about 73 years of age and one of the staunchest followers and lifelong friend of Mahatma Gandhi. He was a Congress treasurer and treasurer of Tilak Swarajya Fund. Mahatma Gandhi whenever he visited Bombay used to put up with him. He was suffering from heart disease since the last few months but on Thursday his heart suddenly failed and he expired.

BOYCOTT OF FOREIGN CLOTH & LIQUOR.

Bandra's Response.

Mr. Baliwala, Joint Hon. Secretary Bombay Suburban District C. C. writes:—

The Swadeshi and the Prohibition movements are making a rapid progress in Bandra. Hundreds of residents including a large number of Christians, Mahomedans and Parsis have signed the Congress pledge not to purchase any foreign cloth at least for one year and to boycott all British goods. The local cloth merchants were also approached and they have stated themselves to be in favour of selling nothing but Swadeshi. A meeting of all the cloth dealers will soon be held to resolve against indenting any more foreign cloth.

The Prohibition movement is also in full swing. There are about 30 toddy shops in Bandra. But only half a dozen shop-keepers were present in the auction sale of toddy licenses that took place in Bandra recently. On inquiry we wre told that 27 out of the 30 shop-keepers have decided to close their shops for good in response to the call of the Congress. There is complete unity amongst them and their leader assured us that there will not be a single drop of toddy available in Bandra from the month of August when the present licenses will have expired.

LIQUOR PICKETING AT CHEMBUR.

—:o:—

Five Arrests On Thursday.

—:o:—

(Through Satyagraha Camp, Vile Parle.)

VILE PARLE, June 26.

More arrests are made to-day at Chembur for picketing liquor shops of the five volunteers namely Sjt. Gopal B. Narkar, Sjt. Muralidhar A. Lodha, Sjt. Narayan Acharya, Keshava Y. Chemburkar and Nilkantha Ganpatrao.

It is to be noted that out of these five volunteers the first three are from Parle Camp and the latter two are local ones. Six more warrants, are pending. Mr. Narkar is the Captain of the Chembur Camp.

In spite of the arrests of the three leaders from Chembur, viz., Mr. J. A. Alli, Mr. V. N. Purav and Mr. R. H. Chemburkar, the work is progressing and going on vigorously.

ONE MORE ADMIRER OF CONGRESS HOSPITAL.

—:o:—

Sir C. V. Mehta's Praise.

Sir C. V. Mehta, who visited the Congress Hospital this morning, has made the following remarks in the visitors' book:—

"I have visited this hospital or rather I should say this home, for the most distinguishing feature of this excellent medical institution is the loving care with which the unfortunate brave patients are treated and looked after. In spite of the most painful and severe injuries one is struck by the cheerful look on the faces of the inmates, young and old.

It would be presumptuous and a superrogation to express one's admiration for the devoted work of the many who have given their free and spontaneous services and of those in charge whose many labours are making the hospital so efficient."

ADVANCE KHADDAR.

—:o:—

Maharashtra Sangha's Efforts.

—:o:—

The Maharashtra Khadi Sangha has been trying to see that the energy and time spent by people in spinning in response to the Congress call are properly compensated by utilising the yarn produced by enthusiasts. The Sankha is now recognised by the Boycott Committee and is promised all help possible. The Sangha, therefore, proposes to deal with the handspun yarn as follows:—

1. Those who so desire should give their yarn as donation to the Sangha and take a receipt for the same.

2. Arrangements will be made to weave provided those who want cloth give handspun yarn enough for at least one piece of cloth.

3. Arrangements will be made to produce Khaddar from hand-spun yarn given by four or five individual collectively provided the yarn is of uniform quality.

3. It will be right for everyone to be ambitious enough to have one's cloth woven out of one's handspun yarn, but if it is not possible handspun yarn will be purchased at reasonable price for sometime, provided the yarn is even and strong and not less than half a pound and not more than one pound.

Yarn will be received at the following places:—

1. Mr. B. G. Joglekar c/o Navakal Club, Sheth Mahal, 1st floor, Girgaum corner (7-30 to 9 a.m.) (2) Mr. K. M. Tamhankar, Khota's Wadi, Chandhari Building, Bombay No. 4 (8 to 10 a.m) (3) Hind Mahila Samaj (for ladies only) Dhun Mansion, Bhatwadi (2 to 4 p.m.- (4) Mr. B. V. Varekar, Dadabhai Manzil, Congress House, Bombay No. 4 (up to 9 a.m.) (5) Srimati Devibai Trashikar (for ladies only) Dadabhai Manzil, Bombay No. 4. (6) Mr. Shante Gordhandas, Medical College, Room No. 44, Parel (7 to 9 a.m.) (7) Mr. Shridhar Yeswant Kulkarni, Khetwadi Venkatesh-war Building, Room No. 48, top floor, Bombay No. 4 (6 to 10 a.m.) (8) Mr. V. M. Chanda Rana, Gaijiwadi, Panjrapole New Chawl, Third Floor, Room No. 29, Fanaswadi (7 to 9 a.m.) (9) Mr. Ramchandra Vishnu Ranade, 9 Mohomrati Building, Kandewadi. (10) Mr. Balkrishna Pandurang Patil, 17 Borbhat Lane, Bombay No. 4 up to 8 a.m.) (11) Mr. V. Y. Rishbud and Gajanan Ramchandra Tillu, Shastri Hall, Dwarka Chawl, (up to 10 a.m. and 5 to 6 p.m.) (12) Mr. Raghunath Pandurang Hede, 25 Yamuna Chawl, Tara Temple Lane, Lamington Road, (13) Mr. Vinayak Mangesn Gaytonde, Tarachand Navalchand Building, 1st floor, Tadwadi, Chira Bazar, Bombay No. 2 (9 to 10 a.m.)

MONEY MARKET.

—:o:—

Exchange Quotations.

Bombay, June 26.

B. C. RATE:
T. T. 1|5 25|32.
B. C. RATE:
D. D. 1|5 13|16.
LONDON BANKS:
Selling T. T. 1|5 13|16 15th July.
Selling D. D. 1|5 27|32
Selling T. T. 1|5 25|32 16-31 July
Buying T. T. 1|5 27|32.
Buying D. D. 1|5 7|8 Mail.
Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 1|32 June.
Buying 3 Mos. 1|6 July.|Aug.
NEW YORK BANKS:
New York B. C. Rate T. T. 278 .
Selling T. T. 277 1|2.
BANKS:
Buying T. T. 276 1|4.
PARIS:
Selling D. D. 916.
Buying D. D. 926.
Buying 3 Mos. 940.
JAPAN:
Selling T. T. 137 1|4
Buying 60 Days 134 3|4.
HONGKONG:
Selling D. D. 86 1|2.
SHANGHAI
Selling D. D. 101 1|2.
SINGAPORE:
Selling D. D. 156 1|4.
JAVA:
Selling D. D. 89 3|8.
CROSS RATE:
New York|London 4.86 25th int.
Shanghai|London 1|5 3|4 26th inst.
Japan|London 2|0 13|32 25th inst.
London|Paris 123.75 25th inst.
London|Belgium 34.820 25th inst.
London|Switzerland 25.07 1|2 25th inst.
London|Italy 92.75 25th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £4-5-0 1|4 24th inst. £4-4-11 1|4 25th inst.
Silver London Ready 15 7|8 24th inst. 15 9|16 25th inst.
Silver London Forward 15 1|4 24th inst. 15 3|8 25th inst.
Silver New York Ready 33 11|16 24th inst. 33 7|8 25th inst.
London Discounts 3 Mos. 2 3|8 per cent 24 th inst. 2 9|32 per cent 25th inst.
London Discounts 6 Mos. 2 9|32 per cent 24th inst. 2 17|32 per cent. 25th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 6 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 3 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 4 1|2 per. cent. 3 Mos. 4 1|2 per cent. 6 Mos. 4 per cent. 12 Mos. 4 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, June 26.

3 Months Discounts 2 9|32 per cent.
6 Months Discounts 2 17|32 per cent.
Bank of England rate 3 per cent.
Call Money 4 3|4 per cent.
One Month 4 1|2 per cent.
Three Months 4 per cent.
Six Months 3 1|2 per cent.
Tone of Money Market—Steady.
Imperial Bank of India Rate 6 per cent.

Tone of Silver:—Quiet. Advance is due to small offerings.

MADRAS SATYAGRAHIS JAILED.

Madras, June 23.—Sjt. Thyagarajasiram was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment to-day for causing disaffection among the Police force.

Eleven Satyagrahi Volunteers who came from Colombo defied the order under Section 144 last evening. Four of them were arrested at the Tilak Ghat, and four at the People's park and three others who spoke at Loane Square meeting were arrested and taken away by the Police who left them off near Thiruvattiyur. It is reported that they were roughly handled by the Police.

Latest Cotton Prices.

—:o:—

(Through the Cotton Information Bureau 381, Ismail Building 2nd floor, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay).

—:o:—

NEW YORK MARKET.

—:o:—

OCTOBER.

New York, June 26.

Previous closing rate 13.01
To-day's opening rate ... 13.15
Difference ..... plus .14
To-day's closing rate 13.38
Difference ..... plus .37
Broach expectation J-A Rs. 215
Broach expectation A-M Rs. 241

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

Liverpool, June 26.

Previous closing rate 6.82
To-day's opening rate 6.90
Difference ..... plus .08
To-day's closing rate 6.94
Difference ..... plus .12

LONDON SILVER MARKET.

London, June 26.

Silver ready ..... 15 8 0.
Higher ..... 0 1 0.
Silver forward ..... 15 5 0.
Higher ..... 0 1 0.
Tone of market:—India sold.

BOMBAY PRICES.

Bombay, June 26

Without Duty 44 15 0

"Sale Of British Goods At Point Of Bayonets."

"THEY WILL SOW DEEP THE SEEDS OF HATRED."

COTTON BROKERS DEFINE OBJECT OF NEW ORDINANCES.

A meeting of the Cotton Brokers' Association was held at Marwadi Bazaar at 12 noon to-day under the presidenty of Mr. Anadilal Podar. Discussion centred round the Viceroy's new ordinance about picketing. Several speakers were of the opinion the ordinance was promulgated only with a view to benefit the foreigners. The following resolutions were passed:—

"This meeting of the members of the Bombay Cotton Brokers' Association strongly condemns the last two Ordinances, namely, the prevention of Intimidation Ordinance and the unlawful Instigation Ordinance promulgated by the Governor-General on 30th May 1930.

"The statement issued by the Government justifying the Ordinance contain allegations which are misleading, erroneous and far from the truth. The Ordinances directly belie the high professions of the Viceroy and the Secretary of State regarding their desire to promote indigenous industries and clearly indicate that the Government desire the sale of British goods at the point of bayonets against the determined wishes of the people.

"The Ordinances in the opinion of the meeting interfere with the civic liberties of the people, as they take away from them their birth right of preventing their ignorant brethren by way of peaceful picketing a method universally acknowledged as a legitimate one by all the civilised nations of the world—to abstain from the curse of drinking and to abstain from using foreign goods which drains away the wealth of the country and bleeds them white.

"This meeting strongly condemns the Ordinances because they confer unlimited powers on the Police who have made themselves notorious by their repeated excessive repression.

"This meeting further opines that the Ordinances will never serve the purpose for which they are designed; on the contrary they will sow deep the seeds of hatred which would be impossible to root out even after a political settlement.

Hence this meeting recommends to the Government that they should repeal the Ordinances immidiately.

"That in persuance of the resolution passed by the 'Moombain Vepari Sanathaonie Mahamandal' no Indian should keep any deposit with the British Banks from the 1st of July 1930

AMALGAMATION OF IMPROVEMENT TRUST WITH MUNICIPALITY.

Motion Of "Disappointment" With Govt. Passed.

The Bombay Municipal Corporation on Thursday once again emphasised the necessity of an early amalgamation of the Improvement Trust to the Bombay Municipality and resolved to send a representation to the Government accordingly.

Dr. A. G. Viegas moved: "That the Corporation are greatly disappointed that the conference between the Government and the Municipal representatives for the amalgamation of the Improvement Trust with the Municipality which, it was widely believed, would be held in January of the current year has not been held even after the prorogueent of the Legislative Council and even upto the end of May 1930.

That Government be informed that if the delay is due to absence of any information which can be supplied by the Corporation or the Improvement Trust Board, the Corporation would take the necessary steps to its being expeditiously supplied.

That the President be requested to communicate this Resolution to Government".

DELAY OF ONLY THREE YEARS.

Dr. Viegas pointed out that more than three years had passed since the Corporation passed a resolution requesting Government to amalgamate the Improvement Trust with the Municipality but so far no effect was given to that resolution with the result that the Trust's debts had piled up and deficit had increased every year.

Sir V. A. Dabholkar opposing the resolution said that it was better to ask the Municipal Commissioner and the Chief Officer of the Improvement Trust as to how far they had progressed in the matter and whether all the information required by Government was supplied to them.

Mr. M. N. Talpade moved an amendment to delete the second paragraph. The Corporation passed the resolution in the amended form.

DEPOSIT OF RS. 250.

The Corporation then considered the report of the Law, Procedure and Elections Rules Committee regarding a draft Bill to amend the Municipal Act of 1888. Section 26 of this Bill stated:

On or before the date appointed for the nomination of candidates for a ward election or for election by co-option each candidate for election or co-option, as the case may be shall deposit or cause to be deposited with the Commissioner the sum of two hundred and fifty rupees in cash or in Government Promissory Notes of equal value at the market rate of the day and no candidate shall be deemed to be duly nominated unless such deposit has been made.

If a candidate is not elected and if, in the case of an election by co-option, he fails to secure any first vote, or in the case of a ward election, if the number of valid votes polled by him does not exceed one-eighth of the total number of valid votes polled divided by the number of councillors to be elected in the ward for which the candidate is nominated, the deposit shall be forfeited to the Corporation.

Mr. J. B. Boman Behram moved to adopt the report and to send it to the Government for the approval of the Legislative Council.

Mr. P. B. Wadke moved an amendment to delete the clause relating to the deposit as he said it would impose hardship upon those candidates who were poor.

Dr. M. C. Javle opposed the amendment and said the clause relating to deposit was put after due consideration in the Corporation. It was inserted to check the mal-practice of bogus candidates who got in the election campaign only to make some money.

Mr. P. G. Sarashrabudhe moved another amendment to reduce the deposit to Rs. 100.

The Corporation however rejected both the amendments and ageed to the original report.

The Corporation then adjourned till Monday.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

3 1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 65|4.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 90|10.
4 per cent Loan due 1934-37 Rs. 89|10.
4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 76|2.
4 1|2 per cent Bonds due 1934 Rs. 95|4.
4 1|2 per cent Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 87.
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 95|6.
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 97|9
5 per cent Loan due 1939-44 Rs. 96-4.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 100|4.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 101|4.
6 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 100|4.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 101|7.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 102|8.
6 1|2 per cent Bombay Development Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 105.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 75.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 73|12.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 73|12.
5 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1959 Rs. 90|14.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 103|12.

Forward Rates 2nd July Settlement 5 per cent. 1945-55 Rs. 101-3-0
3 1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 55-3-0.

Tone of Market:—Steady. 3 1|2 per cent paper in Demand.

STOCKS AND SHARES.

SAGGING TENDENCY OF PRICES.

Weak Long Liquidation.

Bombay, June 26.

The Stock Exchange opened with a steadier tone and some short covering hardened prices. The improvement was not maintained as improved prices attracted weak long liquidation. This action on the part of operators resulted in a sagging tendency of values and prices closed somewhat under previous closing.

Sensational decline in cotton and its subsequent effect on the general trade is viewed with seriousness. Large losses to Indian merchants in the present stringent condition of money market are feared to result in undesirable consequences. The economic condition of the country is ruined beyond repairs and it appears that a grave situation with numerous failures is the inevitable end of the situation. Under such a state operators are likely to keep small open interest. Except one scrip Fazal all shares declined. It is said that some interested bulls are giving constant support to Fazal shares and only as a result of this speculative support Fazal prices are keeping firm otherwise there is nothing extraordinary behind the steadiness. Bombay Burmas were rather steady but Tata Hydros ruled weak. Tata Steel shares ruled quiet but steady. Business in Defds. looks like going out and ordinary shares witnessed some selling pressure. Cement shares ruled rather steady with a small business.

Looking to the general situation and high rate of interest and contractions of currency there seems no sound reason for any material improvement in prices. We may see sharp rallies but it will be difficult to sustain them. We advise sales on all strong markets as the tendency of values throughout the world is downward.

Silver and all commodities have declined materially and mounting declines in Wall Street reminds us that we shall have also to see pre-war levels.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

Bombay Dyeing 731, 40, 30, 27.
Century 266, 72, 62, 66.
Colaba 18, 18-2.
Crescent 87.
Fazul 457, 67, 58, 63.
Indore 363, 62.
Madhowji N. 37.
Nagpur 137, 38, 35.
New Great 170, 71, 61, 62.
Pearl 241, 36, 38.
Simplex 60, 65, 60.
Swadeshi 341, 40, 41, 39.
Burma 632, 23, 28.
Hydro 1123, 25, 15.
Tram 128, 26.
Defl. 295, 98-2.
Ord. 43-8, 44-8, 43-12.
Bundi 14-10.
Indian 227, 23.
Katni Ord. N. 173.
Alcock 215, 13.

SPINNING AND WEAVING MILLS

Last Closing Quotation.
Bombay, June 26.

	Rs.	Rs.
Ahmedabad-Advance	100	340
Apollo	50	4-
Assur Veerjee	5	1
Barsi	250	125
Berar Manufacturing	100	136-4
Bharat	150	60-10
Bombay Cotton	500	150
Bombay Dyeing	250	727-8
Bombay Industrial	5	2-8
Bradbury	250	150
Broach Fine Counts	250	30
Century	100	266-4
Central India	100	435
Ceylon	100	25
Colaba Land and Mill	100	118-2
Coorla	100	200
Crescent	100	87-8
Currimbhoy	250	90
David	250a	150
Dawn	250	550
E. D. Sassoon United Drd.	10	0-6-0
Ebrahidm Pabaney	250	136-4
Edward Sassoon	250	70
Elphinstone	100	7
Fazulbhoy	250	465
Finlay	100	115
Framjee Petit	1,000	120
Gokak	100	145
Gold Mohur	100	50
Hindustan	1,000	1700
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	117-8
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	1125
Indore Malwa	100	362- 8
Jamshed	25	18
Jam Ranjit Singhji	1,000	1595
Kasturchand	50	9-12
Khandesh	1,000	2300
Khatau Makanjee	100	96-4
Kohinoor	100	138-12
Lakshmi Cotton	250	1285
Madhowji Dharamsi	100	35
Madras United	250	400
Maneckjee Petit	1,000	900
Meyer Sassoon	100	50
Minerva	100	70
Mysore	50	132-8
Morarji Goculdas	1,000	650
Model Mills, Nagpur	250	107-8
New City of Bombay	100	62.- 8
New Great Eastern	200	162-8
Osmanshahi	75	62-8
Pearl	250	238-12
Phoenix	100	347-8
Sassoon Cotton	10	8
Sassoon and Alliance Silk	50	71
Sholapur	1,000	1550
Simplex	250	60-10
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	6-12
Swadeshi	100	336-4
Sawn	100	110
Satya Mill Ld.	100	130
Tata Mill Ld.	25	40
Vishnu Cotton	500	2100
Western Indian Spinning	1,000	880

BANKS.

Banks of India	50	85-8
Baroda	50	69-8
Central	25	15-12
Eastern	£5	78
Imperial	500	1285
Imperial Contributory	125	318-12
P. and O. Bank	£10	125
Union	5	3- 5

CEMENT & MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Portland	10	14-10
Central India Mining	10	1-8
Gwalior Cement	70	78
Indian Cement	250	223-12
Katni Cement	100	170
Deferred	40	700
Punjab Cement	10	10
Shahabad Cement	10	142-8
Shivrajpur	10	10
United Cement	100	58

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad Prantej	500	807-8
Amritsar Pattdi	100	112
Central Provinces	100	87
Dhond Baramati	100	90
Gujerat	100	73
Hoshiarpur Doab	100	72
Larkhana	100	88
Mandra Bhon	90	59-8
Mymen Singh	100	84-4
Pachora Jamner	100	72
Sara Sirajgunj	100	72-8
Sialkot Narrowal	100	90
Sind Light	29	62-8
Tapty Valley	500	677-8
Upper Sind	100	71

ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.

Ahmedabad Electric	100	125
Andhra Valley Ord.	1,000	617-8
Bombay Tramway Ordy.	1,000	126-4
Tata Hydro Electric Ordy.	1,000	1115
Tata Power Ordy.	1,000	513-12
Karachi Electric	100	156-4
Poona Electric	100	160
Surat Electric Ordy.	100	127-8

PRESS COMPANIES.

Fort	475	130
Harvey and Sabapathy	500	1150
Indian Cotton	125	196-4
Manmad Manufacturing	250	270
New Berar	500	800
New Mofussil	400	300
New Prince of Wales	500	400
Volkart U. P.	500	480

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

B. I. G. Insurance	10	3-8
Bombay Life Assurance	20	34
Empire of India Life	125	1750
Industrial & Prudential	6	8-4
Jupiter General Insu.	15	3 -8
New India Assurance	15	17-10
Oriental Government Security Life	150	1850
Vulcan	10	7

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	100	213-12
Attock Oil	½1	22
Belapur Co.	50	10
Bombay Safe Deposit	200	602-8
Bombay Steam Co. Ordy.	250	182-8
Bombay Uganda	80	20
B. Burma T. Corporation	125	628-12
Do. Contributory	50	243-2
British Burma Petroleum	8s.	3-6
Burma Corporation	10	7-12
Bombay Telephones	50	51-12
Indian Radio Telegraph	100	270
" " " Drd.	100	265
Jost Engineering	50	180
Kemp	200	195
Mackenzie Saw Mills	100	85
Okha Salt works	10	6
Port Canning	1,000	555
Scindia Steam	15	8
Tata Construction	30	32
Tata Iron (Ordinary)	75	43-12
Tata (deferred)	30	298-12
Andhra Valley	1,000	990
Bombay Cotton Mills	10	5-8
Bombay Steam	250	201 -4
Bombay Tramways	50	63-12
Bradbury Mills	250	150
Central India Mills	500	455
Elphinstone Spg.	100	25
Jupiter Insurance Co.	10	10
Katni First Pref.	100	100
Katni Sec. Pref.	100	105
Madhawji Mills	250	65
Marsland Price Co.	100	80
New Great Eastern	200	160
Punjab Cement	10	10
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	10N
Tata Hidro	1,000	1052-8

AMERICAN COTTON MARKETS.

—:o:—

Unfavourable Weather And Short Covering

CESSATION OF SELLING PRESSURE.

Bombay, June 26.

Large selling orders from Bombay were responsible for the decline during the early part of the session on the New York Cotton Exchange yesterday. However later on prices rallied on short covering influence by unfavourable weather forecast. Towards the close there was some relapse and the market closed at a net rise of 20 to 2 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 20 points to 13.45c.

The New Orleans cotton futures market ruled steady and closed at a rise of 29 to 7 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 27 points to 12.63c.

The weekly Government weather report was construed favourable which stated as under:—

The weather has been mostly favourable for the cotton crop and that cultivation has made good advance. Rain is needed however, especially for the late planted in some of the Central sections of the Belt.

Ready acceptance of July notices imparted good strength in spot cotton prices and July delivery which record better improvement over new crop months. The long interest is well liquidated and the existence of a fairly large short interest render the technical situation strong. However the market entirely depends upon weather reports. In the meantime private estimates on the acreage under cotton cultivation are likely to be issued in the near future which will christalize general sentiment to some extent. We are drawing near the critical period for the growing cotton crop and it appears that the Bears will not venture to keep on enlarging their short interest as a sudden change in weather is bound to cause scarcity of contracts.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 7 to 8 points, but scattered buying orders in a narrow market caused steadiness. The market closed at a rise of 5 to 6 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 17 points to 7.47 and sales were 2,000 bales.

Empire cotton futures ruled quiet and closed at a decline of 5 points while Egyptian prices closed at a rise of 7 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. October Highest 13.21 (2-43 p.m.); Lowest 13.00 (11-17 a.m.).

Grunning:—"Weather conditions during the past week have been favourable. Short interest has increased. Long interest appears to be pretty well liquidated. Our opinion is that technical position of the market is steady."

Liverpool:—"Weather mainly good. Central Belt needs rain."

Reuter:—"Market early declined on pressure of selling, but rallied later on less favourable weather and covering by shorts."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, June 25.

July	13.33 plus .20
October	13.01 plus .02
December	13.19 plus .06
January	13.16 plus .02
Middling Spot	13.45 plus .20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, June 25.

July	13.03 plus .29
October	12.79 plus .07
Middling Spot	12.63 plus .27

NEW YORK.

New York, June 25.

New York, 10-55 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time):—

July	13.06
October	12.99
October, (New Contract)	12.67

New York, 11-45 a.m.:—

July	13.04
October	12.92
October, (New Contract)	12.62

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, June 25.

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 5,000 Bales.

Day's Exports to Great Britain 4,000 Bales.

Day's Exports to the Continent Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, June 25.

Sales at Liverpool 2,000 Bales.
Sales on Speculation 100 Bales.
Sales of East Indian Cotton 150 Bales.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, June 25.

	Opening.	Closing.
June		7.04 —.06
July	6.96	6.99 —.06
August		6.90 —.05
September		6.86 —.05
October	6.81	6.82 —.05
November		6.81 —.06
December		6.83 —.06
January	6.85	6.86 —.06
February		6.89 —.06
March	6.92	6.93 —.06
April		6.95 —.07
May	6.98	6.99 —.06
June		7.01 —.06
Middling Spot		7.47 —.17

Bombay Cotton

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

Owing to a meeting of Cotton Brokers the market opened to-day at 2 p.m. with Broach J/A. delivery at Rs. 203/. There was good covering demand and prices soon improved to Rs. 207/ when appearance of long liquidation checked the rise. The selling pressure increased and prices receded to Rs. 205/ Liverpool opening cables were steady and the market improved. Steadier advices from Liverpool helped the rise when Broach J/A. reached Rs. 210/4 and A/M Rs. 237. At this level there was slight reaction on Jobbers selling and the market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach J/A 209/8.
Broach A/M 235/8.
Oomra July 160/8.
Oomra D/J 190.
Bengal July 143.
Bengal D/J 167.

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Osaka, June 26.

June	110.50 plus 8.20
Sept.	115.10 plus 3.60
Dec.	116.50 plus 3.50

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

Broach	203/210
Oomra.	
Bengal	142/148
Mathia	144/152
Khandesh	148/153
Akola/Khamgaon	152/158
Nagpur/Wardha	160/170
Barsi/Kurduwadi	150/154
Jalna/Aurangabad	150/154
Nagar/Vambori	148/152
Purna/Parbani	150/160
Khandwa/Sanavad	152/158
Indore Ujjain	160/180
Miraj/Sangli	235/235
Coompta	230/240
Tirupur/Cambodia	282/295

READY COTTON SALES.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

50	Volkart Bros. Shegaon old	75
50	Do. Shegaon	152
115	B. Karshandas Khamgaon	161-1/2
100	Do. Nandura	157
100	Japan T. & Co. Hansi	139
100	Do. Govindgarh	139
120	P. Crystal & Co. Khurja	140
100	Do. Khamgaon	157-1/2
100	Forbes & Co. Khurja	141

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

—:o:—

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, June 26.
Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	This year
Khandesh		193,337
Central India	339	402,277
Barsi and Nagar	124	260,280
Hyderabad-Gaorani	66	91,057
Berar	1,836	721,462
Central Provinces	276	403,614
Total Oomras	2,641	2,172,527
Dholera	168	193,928
N.-W. Provinces		138,614
Rajputana	306	55,763
Sind-Punjab		151,079
Broach	79	282,786
Coompta & Dharwar	2,071	135,259
Westerns-Northerns	615	58,806
Cocoanada		102
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	224	34,592
Persiam		655
American		11,348
Egyptian and African	3,623	99,039
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		615
Total	9,730	3,335,823

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, June 26.
1st Sept. to 19th June.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	This year
Europe	5,751	773,073
Japan & China	500	1,344,051
Coast Ports	400	20,398
Up-country by Rail		98,565
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		21,836
Total	6,651	2,258,523

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 25.

Scinde, Fully Good	4.00
Scinde, Fine	4.25
Scinde, Superfine	4.50
Bengal, Good	3.75
Bengal, Fully Good	4.00
Bengal, Fine	4.25
Oomra, Good	4.00
Oomra, Fully Good	4.30
Oomra, Fine	4.60
Broach, Fully Good	4.95
Broach, Fine	5.20
Broach, Superfine	5.45

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, June 25.

July	11.25
November	11.20
December	11.26
January	11.31
March	11.46
May	11.56
Sakells, F.G.F. Spot	12.35

LONDON SILVER.

London, June 26.

Silver:—Market is quiet.

Spot	15-9/16
Forward	15-3/8

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, June 25.

July close at 6s. 10-3/4d. —1-5/8d.
Oct. close at 7s. 0-5/8d. —1-3/8d.
Dec. close at 7s. 2-1/8d. —1-1/8d.

SUPPORT INDIAN INDUSTRY.

DUCKBACK
WATERPROOFS
INDIA'S BEST

Made by the only complete Waterproof Factory in India.

High class Rubberless Waterproofs Rs. 10/-, 12/8, 15/-, 20/- up to 75/-
KHADDAR WATERPROOFS Rs 15/-, 17/8/-.
Paramatta Waterproofs Rs. 6/12, 8/8, 10/8, 15/- 17/8, up to 40/-.
Write for free illustrated Catalogue.

THE BENGAL WATERPROOF WORKS, (B.C.)
12, Chowringhee, CALCUTTA.
Factory: Ballygunge—Branches: College St., Market; 56, College St., Market.

WHEAT CABLE.

"Think market low enough to commence scale down buying."

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, June 26.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard, No. 25, C & F Calcutta:—
July-Sept. per cwt. 8/3-3/4.
Oct.-Dec. per cwt. 8/3-3/4.
C & F Bombay:—
July-Sept. per cwt. 8/4-3/4.
C & F Karachi:—
Oct-Dec. per cwt. 8/4-3/4.

LONDON GOLD.

London, June 26.

Bar Gold, fine per oz. £4-4-11-1/4

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE.

London, June 26.

Interest, Day to Day Loans 1-1/2 per cent.
Interest, 7 Day Market Loans 2 per cent.
Bank Bills, 3 months 2-9/32 per cent.
Bank Bills, 6 months 2-17/32 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 3-1/4 per cent.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months 3-3/4 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, June 26.

TT London on Berlin	20.38-5/8
TT London on Amsterdam	12.09-1/4
TT London on Brussels	34.82
TT London on Madrid	42.25
TT London on Milan	92.77
TT London on Berne	25.07
TT London on Paris	123.77
TT London on Prague	163.75

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, June 26.

Chartered Bank of I. A. & C. £16-3/4.
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, (London Register) £105-1/2.
National Bank of India £42-3/4.
Funding Loan 4 per cent £89-5/8.
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent £77-5/8.
Indian Loan 5-1/2 per cent £99-3/4.
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent £46-1/2.
Indian Stock 3 per cent Sterling Loan £53.
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent Sterling Loan £61-3/4.
Consols 2-1/2 per cent £54-7/8.
War Loans 5 per cent £102-7/8.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £94-3/8.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, June 25.

Demand Bills 485.78

WHEAT—BALTIC EXCHANGE.

London, June 26.

Rozario Santa Fe, per 62-1/2 lb. Cargoes:—
Sellers June-July 35/-.
Barletta Russo, per 62-1/2 lb. Cargoes:—
Sellers June-July 34/6.
Wheat, South Australian Parcels:
Sellers June-July 37/-.
Wheat, Choice White Karachi, Parcels:—
Sellers June 36/3.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, June 26.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed lb. Spot Sellers 6-1/8.

WHEAT CHICAGO MARKET.

July per bushel Dols. 88-5/8 up 3/8.
Sept. per bushel Dols. 92-1/8 up 1/2.
Dec. per bushel Dols. 97-3/8 up 1/2.

ARGENTINE LINSEED QUOTATIONS.

August 18.62 —35.
September 17.73.

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, June 26.

Coffee, Fair Rio, No. 7 Quality, Spot 9.

V. DHRU & CO.
SOLE AGENTS, 17 Elphinstone Circle BOMBAY.

Shri Lad Yuvak Mandal
Swadeshi Bazar
ZAVER BAUG
(Kalbadevi Road)
OPENED BY
Shrimati Swaruprani Nehru.
OPEN FROM 2 TO 11 P. M. (S. T.)
Spinning Demonstration—100 counts —on Takli
TO-DAY BY SHRIYUT I R. SHASTRI
FROM 6 TO 7 P. M.

'Sabarkantha'
MEANS
THE ONLY BEST
BOARDING :: HOUSE ::
in
High Class HINDUS
in
BOMBAY.
The Sabarkantha Boarding House
Behind: Mumbadevi Post.
BOMBAY, 2.
Telephone No. 20838.

BOOKS
ON BIRTH CONTROL.

		Rs.	a.
1.	BIRTH CONTROL METHODS by N. N. Mukerjee	0	6
2.	A MANUAL OF BIRTH CONTROL by M. N. Ganesa Aiyar	1	0
3.	WISE PARENTHOOD by Dr. Marie Stopes	2	10
4.	THE WIFE'S HAND-BOOK by Dr. H. A. Allbutt	0	10
5.	THE WIFE'S GUIDE AND FRIEND by Stewart Warren	1	4
6.	PRACTICAL BIRTH CONTROL by Bitie A. Rout	3	14
7.	LIMITATION OF FAMILY by N. N. Mukerjee	0	8

Postage extra in each case.
THE PIONEER BOOK DEPOT
Kalyanpuram, Madras

SHIPPING NEWS

Export & Import

ARRIVALS.

June 26.
Hatrana, Smith, Bassein.

[redacted]

June 27.
Magda, Ekeman, Calois.
Jeff Davis, Taylodr, New York.
Kidderpor, Woodroff, Kobe.
Maur, Svensen, Bangkok.
Varela, Ramsay, Busreh.

LOADING.

June 26.
Steamer Malwa for London.
Steamer Golconda for Tuticorin.
Steamer Celebes Maru for Kobe.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S S Malwa:—The P and O S N Coy's English Mail steamer Malwa, is expected to arrive here to-day at about (6 a.m.) from London, with the outward mails of the 12th inst. a general cargo and 77 passengers.

SS Hatrana:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Hatrana, arrived in harbour yesterday from Bassein with a cargo of rice.

SS Celebes Maru:—The O S K steamer Celebes Maru, arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, with a general cargo and 2 passengers.

SS Magda:—The J F Coy's steamer Magda, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Calois, with a cargo of manganese ore.

S S Jeff Davis:—The L Edward Ltd steamer Jeff Davis, will sail to-day from Bombay sarbour for New York with a general cargo.

SS Varela:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Varela, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Busreh, with a general cargo and passengers.

SS Maur:—The F F Campbell Coy's steamer Maur, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Bangkok with a general cargo.

CHINA AND JAPAN MAIL.

SS Kidderpore:—The P and O S N Coy's mail steamer Kidderpore, will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Kobe, with mails and a general cargo.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

Outward Mails

Malwa carrying mails of June 12 Left Aden June 22. Due Bombay June 27 (6 a.m.)

Rajputana carrying mails of June 19. Left Marseilles June 21.

HOMEWARD MAILS

Comorin carrying mails of June 14. Left Port Said June 23.

The N Y K steamer Tottori Maru left Kobe June 17. Due Bombay July 16.

VESSELS IN THE DOCKS
ALEXANDRA DOCK.

THURSDAY, 26TH JUNE 1930.

2 Razmak London 28-6-30 M M and Co.
3 Cracovia Trieste 1-7 L F & M T
4 India 4077 Genoa 1-7 L T and M and S
5 Jeff Davis New York 27-6 L Edwards
6 Drachenfels Karachi 1-7 L Edwards Ltd.
7 Hattpura, Karachi N.F. M M & Co.
8 Warfield U Kingdom 28-6 M M and Co
9 Audyk Hamburg 4-7 E D Sassoon and Co
12 Circassia Liverpool 2-7 Graham T Co
14 Khandalla, Durban 2-7 M M and Co.
16 Durenda 4450 N F, N F, M M and Co.
17 Magda Calais 26-6 J Finlay & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Nizam, Calcutta 1-7 T Morrison and Co.
2 Calcutta Maru 3214 Kobe 29-6 N Y Kaisha.
4 Varela 1932 Busrah 27-6 M M and Co
5 Warlaida 1859 Calcutta 28-6 M M and Co.
16 Laxmi 124 N F, N F, R Assaria.

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Cranfield 3213 Rangoon N F, M M and Co.
B Jalaveera 3089 Rangoon N F, Scindia S N Co
C/R Kidderpore Kobe 27-6 M M & Co.
D/E Ranee Rangoon N F T Morrison and Co
K Dara 3083 NF, NF, T Morrison and Co.
N Golconda 3213 Rangoon 29-6 M M and Co.
Q Maur 649 Bangkok 25-6 F F Campbell and Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

S S Ranee 24-6-30
S S Jalaveera 24-6-30
S S Irrawadi 24-6-30
S S Kalavati 25-6-30

STEAMERS EXPECTED.
FROM LONDON.

Rajputana 4-7-30 P and O S N Co.
Rawalpindi 11-7-30 P and O S N Co.
Mooltan 18-7-30 P and O S N Co.
Kaiser-I-Hind 25-7-30 P and O S N Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

City of Salford 30-6-30 K N Co.
Clan Macbride 13-7-30 J F Co.

FROM GOTHENBURG.

Nippon 26-6-30 L Edward Ltd.
Benares 16-7-30 L Edward Ltd.

FROM LIESBAN

Simla 10-7-30 G T Co.

FROM HAMBURG

Ockenfels 29-6-30 L Edward Ltd
Slotzenfels 10-7-30 L Edward Ltd.

FROM GENOA

Sumatra 10-7-30 M Italiana
Genoa 17-7-30 M Italiana
Arabia 22-7-30 M Italiana

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Konderkerk 13-7-30 E D Sassoon and Co.
Bovenkerk 3-8-30 E D Sassoon and Co.
Etreefkerk 24-8-30 E D Sassoon and Co.

FROM NEW YORK.

City of Newcastle 26-7-30 F F Campbell & Co.
Chitanorga City 1-7-30 M M & Co.
City of Kimberly 12-7-30 F F Campbell & Co.
Unicol 5-7-30 L Edward Ltd.

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS

Sado Maru 24-6-30 N Y Kaisha.
Tottori Maru 16-7-30 N Y Kaisha.
Shizoki Maru 29-7-30 N Y Kaisha.
Rangoon Maru, 17-7-30 N. Y. Kaisha.
Burma Maru 25-7-30 O S Kaisha.
Borneo Maru 8-8-30 O S Kaisha.
Sumatra Maru 9-7-30 O S Kaisha.
Ranpura 4-7-30 P and O S N Co.
Alipore 7-7-30 P and O S N Co.

FROM AUSTRALIA.

Naldera 18-7-30 P & O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN.

Karapara 5-7-30 M M Co.
Ellora 27-6-30 M M & Co.
Karoa 19-7-30 M M & Co.

SAILING DATE OF STEAMERS.

FOR LONDON.

Razmak 28-6-30 P & O S N Co.
Malwa 12-7-30 P & O S N Co.

FOR PLYMOUTH.

Warfield 28-6-30 M M & Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL

Circassia 2-7-30 G T Co

FOR HAMBURG.

Drachenfels 30-6-30 L Edward Ltd.

FOR GENOA.

India 1-7-30 M. Italiana.

FOR TRIESTE.

Cracovia 1-7-30 Lloyd T Co.

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

Bankura 2-7-30 M M and Co

FOR KOBE.

Calcutta Maru 27-6-30 N Y Kaisha
Sudo Maru 12-7-30 N Y Kaisha
Celebes Maru 8-7-30 O S Kaisha

STEAMER FIXED.
FOR LONDON.

Razmak 6182 Thornton P & O S N Co.
Malwa 5980 Britton, P & O S. N. Co.

FOR PLYMOUTH.

Warfield 3805 Steel M M & Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Drachenfels 6344 Lumhoff L Edward Ltd.
Andyk 4037 Lieban E D Sassoon and Co

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORT.

Calcutta Maru 3213, Nagoya, N Y Kaisha.
Celebes Maru, 5863 Itow, O S Kaisha.

FOR PERSIAN GULF.

Bankura 1905 Durkee M M and Co

FOR RANGOON.

Ranee 3143 Dooley T M & Co.
Jalaveera 3084 Beatson Scindia S N Co

FOR GENOA.

India, M Italiana.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Warialda 1859 Woodroff M M and Co.
Nizam 3334 Robb T M & Co.
Cranfield 3213 Collins M M and Co

FOR TUTICORIN.

Golconda 3208 Carran M M & Co.
Hatrana 3831 M M & Co.

FOR TRIESTE

Cracovia 4565 Quarantitto Lloyd T Co

FOR LIVERPOOL

Circassia 4370 Munro G T Co.

FOR DURBAN

Khandalla 3329 Baird M M and Co

VESSELS IN THE STREAM.

Kingsland 2219 Beedie T M & Co
Hatrana 3821 M. M. and Co.
Celebes Maru 5863, O S Kaisha.

EXPORTS.

—:o:—

June 26.

S S Razmak For London:—12 bales animal skin, C Q Merchant; 2 bales animal skin, Cox & King's & Co.; 2 bales animal skin, I Faizullah; 11 bales woollen carpets, E. Nurullah.

For Marseilles:—937 cwts ground nuts, E. Virji & Co.

S S Circassia for Liverpool:—105 bales wool raw, R Virchand; 182 bales wool raw, D Sassoon & Co.; 69 bales wool raw J Sobhagwal; 123 bales wool raw M Motilal; 18 bales cotton throw waste M Narottamdas; 50 bales cotton throw waste, M Chandulal & Co.; 1012 cwts groundnut oil cakes, Steel Bros.; 3952 cwts groundnut oil cakes, Ralli Bros.; 10600 cwts. groundnuts, 2970 cwts mascor and Ralli Bros; 21 bales wool raw, W Latham & Co.

For Barcelona:—100 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros; 8 cases guts, D. Abraham & Sons;

For Glasgow:—5940 cwts musoor Ralli Bros.

For Marseilles:—200 cwts turmeric Finger M Bhuta & Co., 100 bales cotton raw Ralli Bros.;

SS Drachenfels for Hamburg:—100 cwts gum Arabii, K Harjivan & Co., 220 bales cotton raw, Textile Products Ltd. 5 casks sheep casings, D Abraham & Sons;.

For Rotterdam:—200 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 110 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha and La.; 8000 cwts linseed, Strauss and Co.

For Antwerp:—330 bales cotton raw B Cursondas & Co. 200 cwts. groundnuts, T S Thodani & Sons.

For Ghent:—55 bales cotton raw B Cursondas & Co.

SS Andyk for Antwerp:—126 cotton raw, Anglo Siam Corporation; 110 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros.; 124 bales cotton raw O Suleman & Co.; 220 bales cotton raw, Kotak & Co.

For Hamburg:—85 bales cotton raw, Anglo-Siam Corporation, 495 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros; 27 cwts. linseed, J Sassoon Mills.

For Rotterdam:—12000 cwts linseed, Strauss & Co. 2002 cwts linseed, Lagadimala Bros; 4000 cwts. groundnut oil cakes, H V Oomerbhoy.

SS Warfield for Havre:—55 bales Akund Cotton, N Rajaram & Co.

SS Cracovia for Trieste:—1000 cwts Linseed, Ralli Bros.; 800 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 55 bales cotton raw, K Devchand & Co.; 110 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha and Ld.

For Venice:—1000 cwts linseed, Italindia Cotton Co.; 101 cwts gum olibanum E Volimahomed & Co.; 1360 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros. 3000 cwts linseed, Strauss & Co.

For Port Said:—100 bales cotton yarn, A El Ejil.

SS India for Genoa:1000 cwts. linseed Italindia Cotton Co.; 2500 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros; 1500 cwts. linseed, Birla Bros.

For Marseilles:—4000 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.; 3600 cwts castor seed Ralli Bros; 1000 cwts castor seed, Birla Bros.

SS Jeff Davis for New York:—1 case animal skin, Abraham & Sons.

For Philadelphia:—72 casks goat skin, Briskey Co.

SS Calcutta Maru for Kobe.—200 bales cotton raw L Kallianji & Co.; 150 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg. Co. 50 cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ld.

For Shanghai:—500 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Tdg. Co.; 300 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha and Ld. 150 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ld.

For Nogoya:—150 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ld.

For Yokkaichi:—1000 bales cotton raw, T M Kaisha Ld.

For Osaka:—500 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros; 200 bales cotton raw, L Kallianji and Co. 300 bales cotton raw, G K Kaisha Ld.

For Nagasaki:—100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ld.

SS Kidderpore for Osaka:—300 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros.

For Shanghai:—500 bales cotton raw, Volkart Bros.

IMPORTS.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

S S Andyk. Agents E D Sassoon and Co.:—

From Hamburg:—25 cases Litho stone, 340 cases wire netting, 165 cases Plywood; 20 cases Chinese blue, 14 cases boards, 112 cases paper, 15 cases camphor; 790 cases clovestions; 86 cases lamp 42 cases machinery; 90 drum chemicals.

From Antwerp;—227 bdles steel sheets; 1221 bdles steel plates; 60 bdles steel tees; 300 bdls steel rounds 1542 bdles steel Angles; 1970 bdles steel rods; 125 bdles steel joists; 82 bdles steel hannes, 2255 bdles steel hoops, 7266 bdles. steel bars; 125 bdls steel beams, 39 bdles steel squares; 581 bdles steel Flats, 50 cases tiles, 106 cases E'ware; 436 cases glassware; 200 cases chalk; 515 bdles tubes, 229 bdles bolts.

From Rotherdam:—105 cases Schanappo; 20 cases wine, 40 cases Jams 50 cases Gin, 51 cases Strawboards 45 bags Alum, 75 bags Dextrine; 100 bag Farina; 40 bags Milk, 70 cases Cheese; 43 cases Cottons, 1049 cases Beer; 200 bags Starch; 143 cls ropper wire 410 Starch, 143 reels copper wire; 440 reels iron wire; 644 bdles rails; 276 bdles sleepers, 175 drums chemicals, 848 drums Dyes Dry; 850 drums Dyes Paste; 80 cases Emery. 123 cases paper.

S S Ranee. Agents T M & Co.:—

From Soubaya:—1005 bags sugar 50 drums molasses.

From Samarang:—1006 bags Sugar.

ISLE OF MAN
TT RACES
1930
Junior
1st. H. G. Tyrell-Smith — Rudge
2nd. G. E. Nott — Rudge
3rd. Graham Walker — Rudge
This is the fastest junior T.T. Race, being run at 71.08 M. P. H. over a course of 264 miles.
Senior
1st. W. L. Handley
2nd. Graham Walker — Rudge
3rd. J. Simpson — Rudge
— Norton
Won on record speed of 74.24 M. P. H. and LAP Record of 76.28 M. P. H.
Lightweight
1st. J. Guthrie A. J. S.
ALL ON CASTROL
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PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

Central India	339	bales.
Barsi-Nugger	124	bales.
Hyderabad-Gharani	66	bales.
Berar	1,836	bales.
Central Provinces	276	bales.
Dholiera	168	bales.
Rajputana	306	bales.
Broach	79	bales.
Compta-Dharwar	2,071	bales.
Westerns-Northerns	615	bales.
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	224	bales
Egyptians	92	bales.
East Africans	3,534	bales
Cotton	9,730	bales.
Wheat	16,471	cwts.
Linseed	8,596	cwts.
Rape, Rai & Mustardseeds	111	cwts
Gingellyseeds	42	cwts.
Poppyseeds	98	cwts.
Groundnuts	5,443	cwts.
Castorseed	419	cwts.
Rice	2,152	cwts.
Myrabollams	1,843	cwts.
Cottonseeds	6,493	cwts.
Mowraseeds	30	cwts.
Gram	1,300	cwts.
Joowar	63	cwts.
Maize	23	cwts.
Barley	309	cwts.
Bajree	1,635	cwts.
Oil	1,132	tons.

GOLD & SILVER.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 23.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Mint Gold, Ready	21	7	6
Mint Gold 1st Settle.	21	8	0
Mint Gold, 2nd ,,	21	3	3
Silver, Ready	45	6	0
Silver, 1st Settlement	45	4	0

LINSEED & WHEAT.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 23.

Wheat Sept.	5-9-9
Linseed Sept.	10-10-3
Castorseed	8-11-0
Cottonseed	3-6-0
Groundnuts	8-6-0
Rapeseed	10-14-0
Mahcoraseed	6-6-0
Myrabolams	22-0-0
Poppyseed	12-12-0

LINSEED.

London, June 25.

Linseed, Calcutta, (London) Ton: Sellers June-July £17-12-6.
Linseed, Calcutta, (London) Ton: Sellers July-Aug. £17-12-6.
Linseed, La Plata, C.I.F. Ton:—Sellers June-July £16-5-0.
Linseed, Bombay, Ton:—Sellers June-July £16-5-0.

LINSEED OIL.

London, June 25.

Linseed, Oil, naked, London, cwt.: Sellers July-Aug. 38/4-1/2.
Linseed, Oil, naked, London, cwt.: Paid and further buyers Sept.-Dec. 36/3.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, June 25.

Cottonseed, Bombay, Ton:—Sellers June-July £6-0-0.
Castorseed, Bombay, Ton:—Sellers June-July £14-0-0.
Rapeseed, Toria, Ton:—Sellers June-July £14-0-0.

THE TATA OIL MILLS'

—:o:—

Ex-Godown,

Bombay, June 26.

Filterd Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 431- per ton.
Filtered Mowra Oil Ready Rs. 560- per ton.
Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 83/- per ton.

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

F. P. Bales	1929-30	1928-29
Receipt to date 25-6-30	8574000	9276000
Receipts Yesterday 25-6-30	5000	2000
Exports to date 25-6-30	6621000	7944000
Stock at Ports 20-6-30	1702000	877000
Stock Interior Town 25-6-30	638000	325000
Stock Liverpool 20-6-30	883000	531000
Visible Supply 20-6-30	3459000	2488000
Quantity in Sight 20-6-30	14793000	16389000
Quantity out of Sight 20-6-30	13667000	15178000

IMPERIAL BANK RATE UNCHANGED.

—:o:—

Bombay, June 26.

The Imperial Bank of India Rate of Interest or Demand Loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at 6 per cent.—A. P.

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BOMBAY FRIDAY, JUNE 27, 1930.

ACHARYA GIDWANI AND SWAMI GOVINDANAND ARRESTED.

Charged Under Sec. 117 I. P. C. And Sec. 47 Of Salt Act.

GIDWANI GETS ONE YEAR'S R. I.

KARACHI, June 25.

Acharya T. Gidwani, Administrative Officer, Karachi Municipal School Board, Lalji Mehrotra, Manager of Messrs. Bacharaj and Company and Swami Govindanand were arrested this morning and charged under Section 117 I. P. C. and section 47 of the Salt Act. Trial of the two first named was held inside Karachi Jail before City Magistrate and concluded at six this evening. Gidwani and Lalji Mehrota were each sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment. Both are to be B class prisoners. Swami Govindanand will be tried to-morrow.—A. P.

STOP PRESS.

FIRING ON MADRAS CROWD

—:o:—

MADRAS, June 26.

Following the arrest of seven prominent Satyagrahis at Ellore, a crowd of three thousand armed with sticks gathered and though repeatedly warned by the police and magistrate, failed to disperse. The crowd then rushed on the police party, who were obliged to open fire. There were fourteen casualties amongst the crowd one of which proved fatal. There were no casualties among the police. The situation is now under control.—A. P.

—:o:—

PUNJAB TO DEFY ORDINANCE.

LAHORE, June 26.

An emergent meeting of the Punjab Provincial War Council was held this morning to consider the future line of action in view of the Government's declaration that it is an unlawful body under the criminal law amendment act.

The Council unanimously decided to defy the Act. For this purpose thirty new War Councils have been formed, each War Council to take office as soon as the existing one is arrested. In this way it is hoped to defy the Act for one month.

The position will be reviewed after a large number of these thirty War Councils has been arrested. Regarding their activities it was declared further to intensify the movement by giving notice to all foreign cloth shops not to sell any foreign cloth for three months.

At present the shops are under pledge not to purchase foreign cloth for one year. If foreign cloth shops fail to give the new undertaking, picketing by men and women volunteers will be commenced forthwith. It was also decided to permit the non-payment of taxes in those villages which might favour it.

It is understood that the local Congress Committee have now about a hundred women volunteers and over a hundred men volunteers. About one-seventy-five men volunteers have so far been imprisoned for picketing liquor shops.—A. P.

—:o:—

THIRTY STUDENTS ARRESTED.

AHMEDABAD, June 26.

Thirty students have so far been arrested to-day, and fresh batches of students are being sent to picket the Gujarat College. The picketers lay down as usual as the students sought to enter the College but the police escorted the students and bodily removed the picketers.

At first the police arrested two or three picketers, but afterwards they began to arrest all the picketers wholesale. Fresh picketers were sent to take the place of those arrested.

A large crowd of spectators, including several ladies, assembled in front of the College cheering the arrested picketers and jeering at students entering the College.

(Later)—The thirty students who were arrested to-day while picketing the Gujarat College were subsequently released, when no more students were coming to attend the College.—A. P.

—:o:—

R. T. CONFERENCE.

LONDON, June 26

Mr. MacDonald received the leaders of Conservative and Liberal parties in his room at the Commons, this afternoon and conferred with them on subject of India, it is understood with regard to procedure to be followed in connection with forthcoming Round Table Conference.—Reuter.

—:o:—

ONE YEAR'S JAIL FOR PICKETING.

—:o:—

SURAT, June 26.

Mr. Chotubhai Choksi was to-day convicted by the City Magistrate, Mr. Mohiyuddin Shaikh, in respect of 3 offences of inciting the people to break the Anti-Picketing Ordinance. He was sentenced on the first offence, to one year's rigorous imprisonment and fine of Rs. 200, in default to undergo 3 months' further imprisonment and 6 months imprisonment on each of the two subsequent offences, the sentences to run concurrently.—A. P.

ELLORE CROWD FIRED ON...

1 Killed : 12 Injured.

NATIONAL SCHOOL RAIDED.

ELLORE, June 25.

The Police fired twice on a crowd here as the result of which one was killed, and about a dozen injured. The injured were brought to the Madras General Hospital.

The Police with the Deputy Magistrate raided the Gandhi National School and arrested eight persons.

While the Police party was returning they met a crowd which they asked to disperse. The crowd did not disperse, but remained calm and non-violent. The Police asked them twice more to disperse. On their final refusal, the Police opened fire.

Section 144 has been promulgated.—Free Press.

Lucknow Ry. Men's Grievances Before Ry Board.

—:o:—

LUCKNOW, June 25.

The President of the E. I. Railway Employees' Union Lucknow, at whose request the workshop strikers resumed work yesterday, has forwarded a list of grievances of the Lucknow workmen to the Railway Board and Agent R. E. I. Railway Calcutta, requesting that a special officer be deputed to enquire into the grievances and remove them as far as practicable.—A. P.

A Vakil's Unprofessional Conduct.

—:o:—

ALLAHABAD, June 25.

The Allahabad High Court has struck off the rolls the name of Thakur Har Prasad S'ngh, a leading Vakil of Banda for unprofessional conduct, having been found guilty of a charge of entering into an agreement to finance a certain litigation, on the success of which he was to get half the property involved.—A. P.

PATIALA INQUIRY.

—:o:—

MR. BENN'S REPLY IN COMMONS.

LONDON, June 25.

In the House of Commons, replying to Col. Wedgwood who inquired why an official connected with the Patiala state was investigating into the charges against the Maharaja, Mr. Benn said that in accordance with the usual and natural procedure for investigation into allegations of the kind, the enquiry should be conducted by the Agent to Governor General whose agency Patiala was included.—Reuter.

London Branch Of Indian Chamber.

—:o:—

LONDON, June 25.

Mr. Erulkar has been re-elected President and Mr. K. M. Banthiya, Vice-President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce.—Reuter.

PICKETING IN GUJERAT COLLEGE.

Picketers busy at the gates of Gujarat College, Ahmedabad.

SIMON'S SPECIOUS PLEADING.

—:o:—

Don't Criticise Report

ANY SCHEME TO REPLACE IT ? HE ASKS.

LONDON, June 25.

"Nothing is easier than to escape the labour and perils of tackling the real difficulties of the Indian problem by repeating general sentiments, but you cannot put a slogan into an act of Parliament. Constitution is more than that declared Sir John Simon, broadcasting on the second volume of the Report.

"If the report does nothing else, I trust it will serve the useful purpose of making plain that distinction and directing attention to the real task". Sir John Simon explained the recommendations and said that he hoped that the discussion both in India and in Britain in the next few months "will be directed to facing real difficulties of the Indian problem in all its aspects and to the framing of positive proposals."

WHAT IS THE ALTERNATIVE.

It was useless criticising the Commission's scheme, unless there was another, equally, detailed and constructive, to replace it. He said the Commissions' plan represented the view of men who had toiled earnestly and sincerely with a tremedous issue but nobody would be better pleased than they if discussion led to practical improvement.

Sir John Simon emphasised that any plan must satisfy certain tests including workability, comprehensiveness and satisfaction of Parliament's declaration of the basis of British policy towards India. He concluded by reminding his listeners of the responsibility resting on every British subject and urged all to join in the desire to contribute what was possible to the cause of India's future.—Reuter.

"Mockery Of Autonomy"

SAPRU AND RAMASWAMY IYER ON SIMON REPORT

DALHOUSIE, June 25.

Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, in a joint statement on the Simon Commission's Report says:—

"Those of us who refused to co-operate with the Simon Commission, can now assert with confidence, that our attitude was perfectly justified. The summaries that have been published of the second volume, especially with reference to the Army and the future of the Central Government, are a negation of Dominion Status, or even an approach to Responsible Government. As regards the so-called Provincial Autonomy, we look upon the recommendations as a mockery of real Autonomy. We are neither surprised nor shocked, because, we expected nothing better from the Simon Commission. A detailed discussion of the report is needless. Political India cannot look at it. The seal of silence having been now removed, Westminster and Simla must now come out with a generous declaration of their intentions and policy".—A. P.

BERLIN'S FRANK TALK.

—:o:—

Corner Stones Of German Foreign Policy.

LONDON, June 25.

Berlin.—"The maintenance of peace but the attainment of full political freedom and equal rights will be one of the corner stones of Germany's foreign policy" declared Dr. Curtius in Reichstag, in the course of a debate on the estimates of Foreign Ministry.

"The liquidation of war is still incomplete", he continued. "Germany does not want a division of States into separate camps. The League of Nations stands in the front rank of importance. Provisions for settlements of all International disputes are still defective. The progress made in disarmament, protection of minorities or economic co-operation is too slow."—Reuter.

Britain's Naval Programme.

—:o:—

LONDON, June 25.

In the Commons, replying to questions, Mr. Alexander announced that Government's naval construction programme consisted of three six-inch gun cruisers, one flotilla consisting of a leader and eight destroyers, three submarines and four sloops, all to replace obsolete warships and enable the navy to carry out its normal peace programme.

In reply to a supplementary question Mr. Alexander stated that the total cost would be spread over three years and would amount to about nine millions sterling.—Reuter.

LABOUR M. P.'s DISAPPOINTED.

—:o:—

Simon's Great Omission

LONDON, June 26.

The Labour Parliamentary Committee on India, meeting in the House of Commons under presidency of Mr. Freeman, discussed the Simon Commission's report and unanimously resolved that "This Committee, while welcoming the ideal of Federated India and recommendations of the Statutory Commission, regrets that they do not include the proposals for establishing India as a self-governing unit of the British Commonwealth of Nations on a permanent basis in accordance with the repeated pledges to India and urges the Government to make on early definite declaration that the report will be considered as part but not to whole of the material before the Round Table Conference. The Committee further hopes that all representative opinion in India will be invited and agree to attend the Conference with the object of presenting an agreed measure for future self-government of India for acceptance by Parliament."—Reuter.

SATYAGRAHA NEWS IN BRIEF

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, June 23.

A meeting of the Calcutta Corporation was adjourned this evening in honour of the incarceration of Srimati Indumati Goenka, the first lady convicted in connection with the present movement.—Free Press.

KHULNA, June 25.

Simultaneous house searches were made of about a dozen prominent and respectable gentlemen including Mr. Nagendra Nath Sen, Ex-M.L.C. and president of the District Congress Committee. No arrests were made.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA, June 25.

Srimatis Urmiladevi and Bimalprativa Devi, who were arrested this morning were placed before the Chief Presidency Magistrate. But the case was not taken up as Jyotirmeyee Ganguly and Srimati Mohini Devi, who were also under warrant were not arrested yet.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA, June 25.

The Stock Exchange Association observed a hartal to-day in honour of the conviction of Indumati Geenka.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA, June 25.

Various Congress Offices in the Suburbs including Serampore, and Hooghly District Congress Offices were raided this morning and several documents seized. No arrests were made.—Free Press.

CALCUTTA, June 25.

The Bengal Provincial Congress Committee Office was raided this evening when copies of the Congress Bulletin were seized, and Biswanatheroy, "Officer-in-Charge" arrested.

The Police also raided a mess nearby and arrested another prominent Congress workers.—Free Press.

BARISAL, June 25.

Sjt. Manindranath Guhathakurta was arrested to-day under the Bengal Ordinance.—Free Press.

DELHI, June 25

Volunteers of the Jamat-ul-Ulema are strongly picketing Muslim shops at Billimaran.

KUMBAKONAM, June 23.

Three villagers of Velingiman were fined Rs. 200 each in default to undergo six weeks' R. I. for making Contraband salt. All preferred jail.—Free Press.

CALICUT, June 23.

Seven Satyagrahis and five non-Satyagrahis were arrested for making contraband salt. A huge crowd gathered to witness the manufacture, which was dispersed by lathi charge by Police.—Free Press.

Mangalore, June 23.—The Circle Inspector and Stationery Magistrate, followed by several armed reserve Policemen, seized the Satyagraha camp. The volunteers were ejected.

Messrs. Dimmappa Shetty and Mangesh were awarded one year rigorous imprisonment under Section 117 I.P.C.—Free Press.

Nellore, June 23.—Seven lady volunteers and four men Satyagrahis were arrested this morning while picketing liquor shops.—Free Press.

POONA DAY BY DAY.

SIMON COMMISSION'S REPORT.

(From Our Own Corresoondent.)

POONA, June 25.

The second part of the Simon Commission's Report was published in Poona on Tuesday morning. The "Duyan-Prakash" published it in the early morning. Naturally it was read rapidly by the politically-minded people. But there was not a soul who was not disappointed with. The "Dnyan-Prakash" has to-day written an article on it and has concluded that, beyond provincial autonomy, the Report gives India nothing; if anything, it seeks to curtail the powers of the people in the Central Government. When, thus, even the Liberals of Poona are so completely disappointed, there is no surprise that in the nationalist circles too the Report may be condemned as thoroughly reactionary. "Kesari" has yet to express its opinion upon it. But Mr. N. C. Kelkar has just issued a statement to the press regarding the Report. He says that the Report will only fan the flames of agitation. It is reactionary and elusive. In his opinion, the Commission has exposed the skeleton in the cupboard and the people of India will see how the covers are laid on the table of the Round Table Conference

NO DEMONSTRATIONS.

There were absolutely no demonstrations yesterday as on the tenth of June as a protest against the first part of the Report. On the whole, there is dullness of political atmosphere reigning here. Except for the picketing of foreign cloth shops, nothing is doing. The liquor-shop picketing that was going on for a few days, has been suspended in view of the referendum to be taken on the question of Municipal voters. Public meetings are also rarely held. Compared with the excitement in Bombay, Poona is absolutely a quiet place. Students activities are, however, looming large. It is said that they are going to observe a three days' "hartal" and as a preparation for that, a few public meetings are decided to be held during the coming two or three days. However, those who move among students of Poona and know their mind at first hand, give a disappointing account. There seems to be a vast difference between the Maharashtra student of 1908 and the Maharashtra student of 1929-30. The workers of the Poona Youth League are in jail. There is a lot the students can do. They can take part in the picketing of liquor-shops and foreign-cloth shops. The programme of work for the student will be settled at Saturday's meeting of all college-students. It is said that students from Gujrat have come here in large numbers than usual. As in Bombay, it is said to be possible for students to begin picketing foreign cloth shops in the Cantonment area also. Let us, however, wait to see how the coming meeting on Saturday decides.

The quarrel between the Sir Parasurambhau College and the late Principal of the College is said to have been settled amicably.

The Chevrolet Motor Company has opened a depot in the East Street, Camp, Poona. Several owners of motor-cars were present at the opening ceremony.

Most of the ornaments stolen by robbers from the idol of the Bhavani goddess at Pratapgad are said to have been traced by the Police and the C. I. D. The stolen ornaments were said to have been buried underground somewhere between Pratapgad and Raigad.

MADARIPUR PLEADERS' VOLUNTEER PUNISHMENT

—:o:—

To Show Sympathy To Penalised Colleagues.

MADARIPUR, June 25.

A meeting of the Madaripur Bar Association was held at which it was resolved that in case any member of the Bar was penalised under the Legal Practitioners' Act all other members should voluntarily take upon themselves the same penalty that might be inflicted upon those against whom proceedings have been drawn up —Free Press.

BENGALI WORKER ARRESTED.

—:o:—

CALCUTTA, June 25.

(Delayed.)

Information has been received that Sjt. B. N. Sasmal, the prominent Nationalist worker was arrested at Contai this morning under the Criminal Law Amendment Act. Sjt. Sasmal, it is understood, went to Contai on a professional call, when he was arrested and bail refused.—Free Press.

2 Years' R. I. For Andhra "Dictator."

—:o:—

MASULIPATAM, June 25.

Sjt. Krishna Rao, the Andhra "Dictator" has been sentenced two years' rigorous imprisonment under Section 17 of the Criminal Law Amendment Act.—Free Press.

SATYAGRAHA NEWS IN BRIEF.

—:o:—

The Police raided this morning the Congress Office at Bankura, volunteers camp, Abhoy Ashram, Vivekananda Pratisthan, Amarkanan Ashram and the house of Mr. Jatindranath Sen-Gupta and made three arrests in Abhoy Ashram. All members of the Patragati Union Board have resigned. —Free Press.

Madras, June 23.—Six Satyagrahis have left for Madras, and five for Trichinopoly. It is understood that 30 ladies were enrolled for picketing.—Free Press.

In Aid Of Wounded Satyagrahis

—:o:—

Bombay Christians To Organise Concert.

NATIONALIST PARTY FORMED.

As a sequel to the appeal issued by Mr. J. F. Pinto to bring together the various sections of the Indian Christian community on a common platform and concert measures to express their sympathy with the present insurgence of National aspirations, an informal meeting was held in Mahendra Mansion on Wednesday evening at 8 p.m., Mr J. F. Pinto presiding.

The meeting was of a representative character, including the Protestants, the East Indians, the Kanarites and the Malabarians.

Mr. Terence Nunes at the outset said that the Indian Christians were a small minority, and judging from their peculiar position in the country, it would be difficult for the community as a whole to participate in all the activities of the Congress, but the community should work for the cause of Swadeshi and prohibition. Drink and foreign cloth were the bane of the community, and by giving them up, the Christians would be playing a conspicuous role in the emancipation of India, and as well as in the uplift of the community.

NATIONALIST PARTY.

Mr. Joachim Alva and Dr. Patrao endorsed the views of Mr. Nunes and assured the meeting the entire support of their community. The President then suggested that the organisation be called "The Nationalist Christian Party" which was also agreed to by the meeting.

Messrs. J. S. S. Maielu and N. J. Patet then said that the Protestant section was already carrying on Swadeshi and prohibition propaganda since the meeting at Nagpada and that they would amalgamate themselves with the proposed "Nationalist Christian Party."

It was then proposed to organise a charity show in aid of the wounded Satyagrahis.

After appointing a provisional committee to organise a public meeting to secure the sanction of the mass for the proposed "Nationalist Christian Party," the meeting dispersed.

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